



NIF PROGRESS REPORT 2023

Uttar Pradesh

Perspective Planning Division, Department of Planning

Government of Uttar Pradesh

SDG Team

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Overview

The SDG National Indicator Framework Report, 2023 encapsulates the journey of the state of Uttar Pradesh in pursuit of the Sustainable Development Goals 2030. It highlights the progress and achievements of the state since the SDG journey began in the year 2015 and also showcases similar achievements made at the national level.

The UP National Indicator Framework Progress Report for 2023 is based on the National Indicator Framework (NIF) of Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (MoSPI). The progress report is compiled using the available data for Uttar Pradesh at the state level, for the indicators outlined under the National Indicator Framework. The values are drawn from the Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation.

The progress report 2023 enables monitoring to the extent that it is possible to compare available data from 2015-16, often considered the base period for measurement. A progress monitoring per indicator in each goal is possible as well a comparison with national level figures allowing government and stakeholders to monitor as well as analyze. This is possible for both the state level as well as national level indicators. The report allows one to compare the state of Uttar Pradesh vis a vis national level achievements and therefore can serve as a monitoring framework or monitoring tool as well. The report has been prepared by the Department of Planning, Government of Uttar Pradesh with support of UNDP UP.

National Indicator Framework

Monitoring and evaluation are essential for assessing the extent to which policies and resource allocations for implementing the SDGs result in meaningful outcomes. It is evident that reliable data is the backbone for better monitoring of SDGs and for data driven decision making policies. Taking into account the complex and interconnected nature of the SDGs, Government of India started working on a sound monitoring and evaluation framework. Stakeholders' participation is critical to ensure that national priorities for SDG implementation are understood and accepted.

Towards this endeavor, the Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (MoSPI), Government of India developed a National Indicator Framework (NIF) in 2018 consisting of 306 national indicators along with identified data sources and periodicity following due consultation process with concerned Ministries / Departments, UN Agencies and other stakeholders. Presently the NIF has 284 indicators (Version 4.0). NIF is the backbone for facilitating monitoring of SDGs at the national level and provides the guidance to the policy makers and the implementing agencies of various schemes and programmes. Presently, at national level, data flow from National Statistical Office and nearly 30 data source Ministries/Departments are involved in the process of providing data on SDGs. MoSPI coordinates with these line Ministries for institutionalizing the data flow for SDG indicators.

National Indicator Framework - A Comparison							
SDGs	Number of Indicators					National Values available	State value available
	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2023	2023
Goal 1: No Poverty	19	21	17	17	17	16	8
Goal 2: Zero Hunger	19	19	18	19	19	19	11
Goal 3: Good Health & Well Being	41	42	41	39	39	39	27
Goal 4: Quality Education	20	19	19	19	19	16	12
Goal 5: Gender Equality	29	29	29	29	29	26	20
Goal 6: Clean Water & Sanitation	19	16	16	13	13	13	9
Goal 7: Affordable & Clean Energy	5	5	5	5	5	5	1
Goal 8: Decent Work & Economic Growth	40	32	26	25	24	23	14
Goal 9: Industry, Innovation & Infrastructure	18	16	17	17	17	16	3
Goal 10: Reduced Inequalities	7	9	11	11	11	11	3
Goal 11: Sustainable Cities & Communities	16	15	14	13	13	10	7
Goal 12: Sustainable Consumption & Production	17	15	15	15	14	10	4
Goal 13: Climate Action	4	5	6	6	6	5	0
Goal 14: Life Below Water	13	11	11	11	11	NA	NA
Goal 15: Life on Land	21	16	16	14	14	13	3
Goal 16: Peace, Justice & Strong Institutions	18	19	21	21	21	21	14
Goal 17: Partnerships	0	13	13	13	12	11	2
TOTAL	306	302	295	286	284	254	138
Total (excluding SDG – 14)	293	291	284	275	273	254	138

Goal-Wise Status of Indicators



1 NO POVERTY



Goal 1: End poverty in all its forms everywhere



Goal 1 aims to end poverty in all its forms everywhere. Its objectives include ensuring that the entire population and especially the poorest and most vulnerable have equal rights to economic resources, access to basic services, property and land control, natural resources and new technologies. The indicators and targets under this goal are wide ranging from bringing down number of people living below poverty line to ensuring access to social protection benefits, finance and insurance to holding government accountable for enhancing resilience of communities to disasters. The NIF has 17 indicators while values at state level are available for 8.

Number of indicators in NIF (Original)	Number of indicators in NIF (Revised)	Values available at National level	State value is available
19	17	17 (1*)	08

* 1.4.1 This indicator is combination of national indicators 3.7.1, 4.1.1, 6.1.1, 6.2.1, 7.1.1 and 7.1.2. The data on these indicators is available under respective SDGs and associated targets.

SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR		
		INDIA	UTTAR PRADESH	
Target 1.1: By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than USD 1.25 a day				
	National Indicator is under development			
Target 1.2: By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions				
1	1.2.1: Proportion of population living below the national poverty line, 2011-12 <i>Source: NITI Aayog / Periodicity: 5 Years</i>	Year 2011-12	21.92	14.00
Target 1.3: Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable				
1	1.3.1: Percentage of households with any usual member covered by a health scheme or health insurance. <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) / Periodicity: 3 Years</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	28.70	6.10
		2019-21	40.99	15.87
2	1.3.2: Number of Beneficiaries under Integrated Child Development Scheme -ICDS <i>Source: Ministry of Women and Child Development / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	10,21,31,284	2,40,61,660
		2016-17	9,83,42,390	2,02,29,635
		2017-18	8,92,76,933	1,82,16,779
		2018-19	8,75,60,671	1,59,40,936
		2019-20	8,55,05,148	1,68,28,109
		2020-21	8,31,82,823	95,11,542
		2021-22	9,59,11,547	1,92,18,404
3	1.3.3: Persons offered employment as a percentage of persons who demanded employment under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA) <i>Source: Department of Rural Development, Ministry of Rural Development / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	99.62	99.89
		2016-17	99.56	99.84
		2017-18	99.62	99.80

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	<i>Vaihsali is not here, director called her to attend the meeting on Child MPI organized by Goal 1 Nodal department</i>	2018-19	98.96	99.87
		2019-20	99.63	99.90
		2020-21	99.79	99.95
		2021-22	99.23	99.95
		2022-23	99.72	99.87
4	1.3.4: Number of Self Help Groups (SHGs) provided bank credit linkage, (in lakhs) <i>Source: National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD), Ministry of Finance/Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	18.32	NA
		2016-17	18.98	NA
		2017-18	22.61	NA
		2018-19	26.98	NA
		2019-20	31.46	NA
		2020-21	28.87	NA
		2021-22	33.98	NA
		2022-23	NA	NA
5	1.3.5: Proportion of the population (out of total eligible population) receiving social protection benefits under Pradhan Mantri Matritva Vandana Yojana (PMMVY) <i>Source: Ministry of Women and Child Development / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2017-18	91.66	91.49
		2018-19	92.17	92.40
		2019-20	91.38	93.48
		2020-21	71.50	76.30
		2021-22	62.60	48.70
		2022-23	80.01	86.74
6	1.3.6: Number of senior citizens provided institutional assistance through Senior Citizen Homes/Day Care Centers funded by the Government <i>Source: Department of Social Justice & Empowerment, Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	23,095	425
		2016-17	40,200	950
		2017-18	40,450	800
		2018-19	34,920	395
		2019-20	1,09,085	470
		2020-21	1,36,440	965
		2021-22	1,39,385	1595
2022-23	1,20,105	1890		
7	1.3.7: Number of beneficiaries added under Employee's Pension Scheme (EPS) during the year <i>Source: Ministry of Labour and Employment / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	19602304	NA
		2016-17	21394978	NA
		2017-18	19506950	NA
		2018-19	15177025	NA
		2019-20	13214394	NA
		2020-21	9415220	NA
		2021-22	11510715	NA
2022-23	11853544	NA		
8	1.3.8: Coverage of New Pension scheme (NPS) (in lakhs) <i>Source: Ministry of Finance / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	97.50406	9.02559
		2016-17	105.75160	10.17668
		2017-18	115.70930	11.43547
		2018-19	123.99659	12.81108
		2019-20	134.12639	14.46356

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		2020-21	143.90543	15.78762
		2021-22	157.43768	17.48458
		2022-23	173.06948	19.48566
Target 1.4: By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance				
1	1.4.1: Proportion of population living in households with access to basic services <i>Source: Ministry of Jal Shakti, Ministry of Power, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Ministry of Education, Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas / Periodicity: Annual</i>	This indicator is combination of national indicators 3.7.1, 4.1.1, 6.1.1, 6.2.1, 7.1.1 and 7.1.2. The data on these indicators is available under respective SDGs and associated targets.		
2	1.4.2: Number of telephone subscriptions as percentage of total population <i>Source: Department of Telecommunications, Ministry of Communications / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	82.48	70.21
		2016-17	91.96	79.02
		2017-18	92.23	76.28
		2018-19	89.10	73.45
		2019-20	87.65	70.91
		2020-21	88.50	71.90
		2021-22	85.15	71.33
		2022-23	69.56	84.59
Target 1.5: By 2030, build the resilience of the poor and those in vulnerable situations and reduce their exposure and vulnerability to climate-related extreme events and other economic, social and environmental shocks and disasters				
1	1.5.1: Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population (similar to 11.5.1 and 13.1.1) <i>Source: Disaster Management Division, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015	14,743.14	NA
		2016	13,706.39	NA
		2017	13,381.24	NA
		2018	10,738.97	NA
2	1.5.3: Whether the country has adopted and implemented national disaster risk reduction strategies in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030, (similar to 11.b.1 and 13.1.2) <i>Source: Disaster Management Division, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015	0.25	NA
		2018	0.93	NA
		2019-2023	1.00	NA
3	1.5.4: Proportion of local governments that adopt and implement local disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national disaster risk reduction strategies, (similar to 11.b.2 and 13.1.3) <i>Source: Disaster Management Division, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015	0.901	NA
		2018	0.932	NA
		2019	0.931	NA
		2020	0.919	NA
		2022	0.918	NA
Target 1.a: Ensure significant mobilization of resources from a variety of sources, including through enhanced development co-operation, in order to provide adequate and predictable means for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, to implement programmes and policies to end poverty in all its dimensions				
1	1.a.2: Proportion of total government spending on essential services (education, health and social protection) <i>Source: National Accounts Division, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	29.87	NA
		2016-17	30.23	NA
		2017-18	29.70	NA
		2018-19	30.33	NA
		2019-20	30.94	NA
		2020-21	27.71	NA
		2022-22	28.54	NA

Target 1.b: Create sound policy frameworks at the national, regional and international levels, based on pro-poor and gender-sensitive development strategies, to support accelerated investment in poverty eradication actions

1	1.b.1: Proportion of budget earmarked under gender budget <i>Source: Ministry of Women and Child Development / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	4.46	NA
2016-17	4.58	NA		
2017-18	5.68	NA		
2018-19	4.99	NA		
2019-20	4.91	NA		
2020-21	4.72	NA		
2021-22	4.40	NA		
2022-23	4.33	NA		
2023-24	5.00	NA		



2 ZERO
HUNGER



Goal 2: End hunger, achieve food Security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture



Goal 2 aims to end all forms of hunger and malnutrition by 2030, making sure that all people, especially those in vulnerable situations, have sufficient nutritious food all year. It also aims to double agricultural productivity and generate decent incomes, while supporting people-centered rural development and protecting the environment. This Goal has 8 targets and a total of 19 indicators out of which data is available for 18 indicators. State value is available for 11 indicators.

Number of indicators in NIF (Original)	Number of indicators in NIF (Revised)	Values available at National level	State value is available
19	19	19	11

SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR		
		INDIA	UTTAR PRADESH	
Target 2.1: By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round				
1	2.1.1: Percentage of children aged under 5 years who are underweight. <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) / Periodicity: 3 Years</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	35.70	39.50
		2019-21	32.10	32.10
2	2.1.2: Proportion of beneficiaries covered under National Food Security Act 2013 <i>Source: Ministry of Consumer Affairs, Food and Public Distribution / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	95.18	88.82
		2016-17	99.01	98.63
		2017-18	99.24	98.63
		2018-19	97.62	89.90
		2019-20	99.51	99.23
		2020-21	97.59	96.80
		2021-22	98.00	97.82
2022-23	98.00	98.50		
Target 2.2: By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons				
1	2.2.1: Percentage of children under age 5 years who are stunted <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) / Periodicity: 3 Years</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	38.40	46.20
		2019-21	35.50	39.70
2	2.2.2: Prevalence of malnutrition among children under 5 years of age, by type (wasting and overweight) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) / Periodicity: 3 Years</i>	Wasting		
		2015-16	21.00	17.90
		2019-21	19.30	17.30
		Overweight		

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SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR				
		INDIA		UTTAR PRADESH		
		2015-16	2.10	1.50		
		2019-21	3.40	3.10		
3	2.2.3: Prevalence of anemia in women aged 15 to 49 years, by pregnancy status (Percentage) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) /Periodicity: 3 Years</i>	Pregnant				
		2015-16	50.40	58.60		
		2019-21	52.20	45.90		
		Non-Pregnant				
		2015-16	53.20	52.50		
		2019-21	57.20	50.60		
		Total				
		2015-16	53.10	52.40		
4	2.2.4: Percentage of women whose Body Mass Index (BMI) is below normal <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) /Periodicity: 3 Years</i>	2015-16	22.90	25.30		
		2019-21	18.70	19.0		
	2.2.5: Percentage of Children aged 6-59 months who are anemic (<11.0g/dl) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) /Periodicity: 3 Years</i>	Year	Value			
		2015-16	58.50	63.15		
		2019-21	67.10	66.40		
Target 2.3: By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small scale food producers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and equal access to land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment						
1	2.3.1: Agriculture productivity of wheat and rice, (in kg per hectare) <i>Source: AS Division, DAC&FW, Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare /Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Wheat	Rice (Kharif+Rabi)	Wheat	Rice (Kharif+Rabi)
		2015-16	3034	2400	2636	2133
		2016-17	3200	2494	3113	2295
		2017-18	3368	2576	3269	2283
		2018-19	3533	2638	3432	2704
		2019-20	3440	2722	3432	2705
		2020-21	3521	2717	3604	2733
		2021-22	3537	2798	3604	2678
		2022-23	3543	2844	3624	2616
2	2.3.2: Gross Value Added in agriculture per worker, (in Rs.) <i>Source: National Accounts Division, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value			
		2015-16	61,427	NA		
		2016-17	65,603	NA		
		2017-18	69,936	NA		
		2018-19	71,402	NA		
		2019-20	75,801	NA		
		2020-21	78,918	NA		
		2021-22	81,685	NA		
2022-23	84,920	NA				
3	2.3.3: Ratio of institutional credit to agriculture to the agriculture output <i>Source: (a) Numerator: Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare (b) Denominator: National Accounts Division, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value			
		2015-16	0.76	NA		
		2016-17	0.83	NA		
		2017-18	0.87	NA		
		2018-19	0.95	NA		
		2019-20	1.01	NA		
		2020-21	1.10	NA		
		2021-22	1.28	NA		

		2022-23	1.40	NA		
Target 2.4: By 2030, ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural practices that increase productivity and production, that help maintain ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters and that progressively improve land and soil quality						
1	2.4.1: Proportion of Net Sown Area to Cultivable land <i>Source: SDDS, DAC&FW, Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare /Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value			
		2015-16	76.62	87.31		
		2016-17	76.83	87.88		
		2017-18	76.75	87.87		
		2018-19	76.64	88.08		
		2019-20	77.73	87.93		
2	2.4.2: Percentage of farmers issued Soil Health Card <i>Source: INM, DAC&FW, Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare /Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value			
		2015-17	100	NA		
		2017-19	98.54	NA		
		2019-20	100	NA		
3	2.4.3: Percentage of net area under organic farming <i>Source: INM, DAC&FW, Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare (MoA&FW) /Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value			
		2015-16	0.97	0.05		
		2016-17	1.10	0.05		
		2017-18	1.39	0.05		
		2018-19	1.59	0.06		
		2019-20	2.02	0.06		
		2020-21	2.38	0.11		
		2021-22	3.92	0.13		
		2022-23	NA	NA		
Target 2.5: By 2030, maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed and diversified seed and plant banks at the national, regional and international levels, and promote access to fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge, as internationally agreed						
1	2.5.1: Number of (a) plant and (b) animal genetic resources for food and agriculture secured in either medium- or long-term conservation facilities <i>Source: Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare, DARE, (a) National Bureau of Plant Genetic Resources, (ICAR-NBPGR) and (b) National Bureau of Animal Genetic Resources, (ICAR-NBAGR) / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Plant	Animal	Plant	Animal
		2014-15	432564	140364	NA	NA
		2015-16	444607	146364	NA	NA
		2016-17	449702	156276	NA	NA
		2017-18	454841	181128	NA	NA
		2018-19	461832	200549	NA	NA
		2019-20	464517	220649	NA	NA
		2020-21	475054	239954	NA	NA
		2021-22	479823	262104	NA	NA
		2022-23	482633	294504	NA	NA
2	2.5.2: Proportion of local breeds classified as being at risk of extinction <i>Source: ICAR, NBAGR, Ministry of Agriculture of Farmer's Welfare/ Periodicity:5 Years</i>	2022-23	17.92	NA		
3	2.5.3: Conservation of fish genetic resource, (in number) <i>Source: Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare, DARE, National Bureau of Fish Genetic Resources, (ICAR-NBFGFR) / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value			
		2015-16	50	NA		
		2016-17	53	NA		
		2017-18	58	NA		
		2018-19	63	NA		
		2019-20	67	NA		
		2020-21	81	NA		
		2021-22	91	NA		
		2022-23	100	NA		

SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR		
		INDIA	UTTAR PRADESH	
2	2.a.2: Percentage share of expenditure in Intellectual Property Product(R&D) in agriculture to GVA in agriculture <i>Source: National Accounts Division, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	0.044	NA
		2016-17	0.052	NA
		2017-18	0.041	NA
		2018-19	0.041	NA
		2019-20	0.039	NA
		2020-21	0.020	NA
		2021-22	0.024	NA
		2022-23		
Target 2.b: Correct and prevent trade restrictions and distortions in world agricultural markets, including through the parallel elimination of all forms of agricultural export subsidies and all export measures with equivalent effect, in accordance with the mandate of the Doha Development Round				
National indicator is under development				
Target 2.c: Adopt measures to ensure the proper functioning of food commodity markets and their derivatives and facilitate timely access to market information, including on food reserves, in order to help limit extreme food price volatility				
1	2.c.1: Percentage of agriculture mandis enrolled in e-market <i>Source: Agri Marketing, DAC&FW, Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare (MoA&FW) / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2016-17	6.49	10.59
		2017-18	3.10	5.46
		2018-19	-	-
		2019-20	-	-
		2020-21	15.10	20.10
		2021-22	14.40	19.75
2022-23	-	-		
Target 2.a: Increase investment, including through enhanced international cooperation, in rural infrastructure, agricultural research and extension services, technology development and plant and livestock gene banks in order to enhance agricultural productive capacity in developing countries, in particular least developed countries				
1	2.a.1: The agriculture orientation index for government expenditures <i>Source: National Accounts Division, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2016-17	0.399	NA
		2017-18	0.443	NA
		2018-19	0.458	NA
		2019-20	0.456	NA
2020-21	0.383	NA		



3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING



Goal 3: Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages



Goal 3 aims to address the various emerging health issues of the ever-changing world. The Goal aims to ensure adequate maternal, child and adolescent health services to all especially vulnerable populations. The targets under this goal cover both communicable diseases such as TB, HIV and Malaria and non-communicable conditions such as hypertension. It also encourages adequate budgeting for the health sector. A total of 39 indicators have been identified at national level to measure and monitor the progress of these targets and data for state is available for 27 indicators.

Number of indicators in NIF (Original)	Number of indicators in NIF (Revised)	Values available at National level	State value is available
41	39	39	27

SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR		
		INDIA	UTTAR PRADESH	
Target 3.1: By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 1,00,000 live births				
1	3.1.1: Maternal Mortality Ratio, (per 1,00,000 live births) Source: Office of the Registrar General & Census Commissioner, India, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual	Year	Value	
		2014-16	130	201
		2015-17	122	216
		2016-18	113	197
		2017-19	103	167
2	3.1.2: Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel (Period 5 years), Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) /Periodicity: 3 Years	2015-16	81.40	70.4
		2019-21	89.40	84.80
3	3.1.3: Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel (Period 1 year), Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) /Periodicity: 3 Years	2015-16	84.40	75.10
		2019-21	90.90	87.00
4	3.1.4: Percentage of women aged 15-49 years with a live birth, for lastbirth, who received antenatal care, four times or more Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) / Periodicity: 3 Years	2015-16	51.20	26.40
		2019-21	58.50	42.40
Target 3.2: By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births				
1	3.2.1: Under-five mortality rate, (per 1,000 live births) Source: Office of the Registrar General & Census Commissioner, India, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual	Year	Value	
		2015	43	51
		2016	39	47
		2017	37	46
		2018	36	47
		2019	35	48
2	3.2.2: Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) Source: Office of the Registrar General & Census Commissioner, India, Ministry	Year	Value	
		2015	25	31

	<i>of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	2016	24	30
		2017	23	30
		2018	23	32
		2019	22	30
		2020	20	28
Target 3.3: By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases				
1	3.3.1: Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National AIDS Control Organization) / Periodicity: Annual	Year	Value	
		2015	0.06	0.05
		2016	0.06	0.04
		2017	0.06	0.04
		2018	0.06	0.04
		2019	0.05	0.04
		2020	0.05	0.04
		2021	0.05	0.04
2	3.3.2: Tuberculosis incidence per 1,00,000 population Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (RNTCP Division) / Periodicity: Annual	Year	Value	
		2015	225	NA
		2016	217	NA
		2017	211	NA
		2018	206	NA
		2019	201	NA
		2020	194	NA
		2021	197	NA
3	3.3.3: Malaria incidence per 1,000 population Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (NVBDCP Division) / Periodicity: Annual	Year	Value	
		2015	0.92	NA
		2016	0.85	NA
		2017	0.64	NA
		2018	0.32	NA
		2019	0.25	NA
		2020	0.14	NA
		2021	0.12	NA
4	3.3.4: Prevalence of Hepatitis 'B' per 1,00,000 population Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare / Periodicity: Annual	2021	0.85	NA
5	3.3.5: Dengue: Case Fatality Ratio Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (NVBDCP Division) / Periodicity: Annual	Year	Value	
		2015	0.22	NA
		2016	0.19	NA
		2017	0.17	NA
		2018	0.21	NA
		2019	0.09	NA
		2020	0.15	NA
		2021	0.18	NA
6	3.3.6: Proportion of grade-2 cases amongst new cases of Leprosy,(Per million population) Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare / Periodicity: Annual	Year	Value	
		2015-16	4.46	4.06
		2019-20	1.96	0.67
		2021-22	1.36	0.48

		2022-23	1.70	0.48		
7	3.3.7: Percentage of blocks reporting < 1 Kalaazar case per 10,000 population out of the total endemic blocks <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (NVBDCP Division) / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value			
		2015	78.34	NA		
		2016	85.15	NA		
		2017	88.63	NA		
		2018	91.63	NA		
		2019	94.15	NA		
		2020	97.47	NA		
		2021	98.73	NA		
		2022	99.84	NA		
8	3.3.8: Percentage of districts reporting < 1% Microfilaria rate (MF) out of Targeted Endemic districts <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (NVBDCP Division) / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value			
		2015	22.66	NA		
		2016	30.47	NA		
		2017	34.77	NA		
		2018	37.11	NA		
		2019	38.13	NA		
		2020	36.03	NA		
		2021	40.24	NA		
		2022	41.46	NA		
Target 3.4: By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being						
1	3.4.2: Suicide mortality rate, (per 1,00,000 population) <i>Source: : National Crime Records Bureau ,Ministry of Home Affairs/ Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value			
		2015	10.6	1.81		
		2016	10.3	1.60		
		2017	10.1	1.99		
		2018	10.2	2.17		
		2019	10.4	2.42		
		2020	11.3	2.1		
		2021	12.0	2.6		
Target 3.5: Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol						
1	3.5.1: Number of persons treated in de-addiction centers <i>Source: Department of Social Justice & Empowerment, Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value			
		2015-16	1,46,124	5,535		
		2016-17	1,14,759	7,011		
		2017-18	1,00,737	6,642		
		2018-19	77,479	5,504		
		2019-20	93,364	5,888		
		2020-21	2,08,415	14,295		
		2021-22	2,85,559	16,503		
		3,39,588	31,041			
2	3.5.2: Percentage of population (men (15-49 years) & women (15 - 49 years) who drink alcohol about once a week out of total population (men (15-49 years) & women (15 - 49 years) who drink alcohol <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) /Periodicity: 3 Years</i>	Year	Value			
			Male	Female	Male	Female
		2015-16	40.7	35.0	29.2	37.7
2019-21	43.4	36.6	43.4	43.5		
3	3.5.3: Percentage of population (15 years and above) who consume alcohol, by sex <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare ,Department of Health and Family Welfare/Periodicity: 3 Years</i>	Year	Male	Female	Male	Female
		2019-21	18.8	1.3	14.5	0.3
Target 3.6: By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents						

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1	3.6.1: People killed/injured in road accidents (per 1,00,000 population) (similar to11.2.2) <i>Source: National Crime Records Bureau ,Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Death Rate	Injury Rate	Death Rate	Injury Rate
		2015	11.81	38.31	8.53	8.05
		2016	11.92	38.11	8.67	9.13
		2017	11.65	35.41	9.33	9.70
		2018	11.54	33.74	10.11	10.01
		2019	11.57	32.84	10.30	9.85
		2020	9.84	24.76	8.32	6.98
		2021	9.41	27.02	11.38	8.55
Target 3.7: By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes						
1	3.7.1: Percentage of currently married women aged 15-49 years who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern methods, <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) /Periodicity: 3 Years</i>	Year	Value			
		2015-16	71.90		49.90	
		2019-21	74.10		59.10	
2	3.7.2: Adolescent birth rate (aged 15–19 years) per 1,000 women in that age group (Per 1,000 females) <i>Source: Office of the Registrar General & Census Commissioner, India, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value			
		2015	11.1		8.7	
		2016	10.7		8.7	
		2017	13.0		7.8	
		2018	12.2		8.5	
		2019	10.6		8.7	
		2020	11.3		11.2	
3	3.7.3: Percentage of Institutional Births (5 Years/1 Years) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) /Periodicity: 3 Years</i>	Year	Value			
			5 years	1 year	5 years	1 year
		2015-16	78.9	82.6	67.8	73.2
		2019-21	88.6	90.6	83.4	86.3
4	3.7.4: Percentage of currently married women (15-49 years) who use any modern family planning methods, (similar to 3.8.1 and 5.6.1) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) /Periodicity: 3 Years</i>	Year	Value			
		2015-16	47.7		31.7	
		2019-21	56.5		44.5	
5	3.7.5: Percentage of women aged 15-19 years who were already mothers or pregnant ,2015-16 <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) /Periodicity: 3 Years</i>	2015-16	7.9		3.8	
		2019-21	6.8		2.9	
Target 3.8: Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all						
1	3.8.1: Percentage of currently married women (15-49 years) who use any modern family planning methods, (similar to 3.7.4 and 5.6.1) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) /Periodicity: 3 Years</i>	Year	Value			
		2015-16	47.7		31.7	
		2019-21	56.5		44.5	
2	3.8.2: Proportion of population with large household expenditures on health as a share of total household expenditure or income, 2017-18 <i>(Source: SDRD, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: 5years (revised figures)</i>	Expenditure on Health	Value			
		> 10%	6.67		8.29	
		> 25%	2.29		3.37	
3	3.8.3: Percentage of people living with HIV currently receiving ART among the detected number of adults and children living with HIV <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National AIDS Control Organization) /Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value			
		2015-16	62.0		62.0	
		2017-18	70.0		73.0	
		2018-19	82.0		82.0	
		2019-20	84.0		84.0	
		2020-21	83.0		84.0	

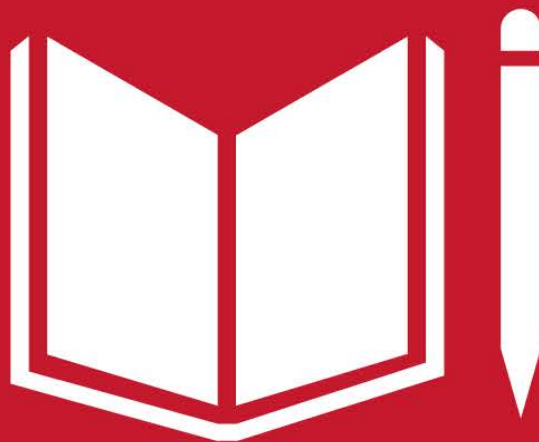
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		2021-22	84.0	84.0
		2022-23	86.0	86.0
4	3.8.4: Prevalence of hypertension among men and women aged 15 years and above (in percentage) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) /Periodicity: 3 Years</i>	Year	Male	Female
		2019-21	24.0	21.3
			21.7	18.4
5	3.8.5: Percentage of population in age group 15-49 who reported sought treatment out of total population in that age group having diabetes <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) / Periodicity: 3 Years</i>	Year	Male	Female
		2015-16	72.50	81.30
		2019-21	71.50	80.70
6	3.8.6: Percentage of women aged 30- 49 years who have ever undergone a screening test for cervical cancer, <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) /Periodicity: 3 Years</i>	2019-21	1.9	1.5
7	3.8.7: Percentage of TB cases successfully treated (cured plus treatment completed) among TB cases notified to the national health authorities during a specified period. <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, RNTCP Division (Revised National Tuberculosis Control Programme, NIKSHAY) / Periodicity: 2 Years</i>	Year	Value	
		2015	87.0	NA
		2016	78.0	NA
		2017	79.0	NA
		2018	81.0	NA
		2019	81.0	NA
		2020	82.0	NA
		2021	83.0	NA
		2022	86.0	NA
Target 3.9: By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination				
1	3.9.2: Proportion of men and women reporting Asthma in the age group 15-49 years, <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) /Periodicity: 3 years</i>	Year	Male	Female
		2015-16	1.2	1.9
		2019-21	1.2	1.6
2	3.9.3: Mortality rate attributed to unintentional poisoning, (per 1,00,000 population) <i>Source: National Crime Records Bureau ,Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015	2.08	0.43
		2016	1.81	0.34
		2017	1.59	0.47
		2018	1.64	0.37
		2019	1.58	0.58
		2020	1.64	0.54
		2021	1.72	0.61
Target 3.a: Strengthen the implementation of the World Health Organization Framework Convention on Tobacco Control in all countries, as appropriate				
1	3.a.1: Percentage of adults 15 years and above with use of any kind of tobacco (smoking and smokeless), 2016-17 <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (Global Adult Tobacco Survey) /Periodicity: 5 Years</i>	2016-17	28.6	NA
Target 3.b: Support the research and development of vaccines and medicines for the communicable and non-communicable diseases that primarily affect developing countries, provide access to affordable essential medicines and vaccines, in accordance with the Doha Declaration on the agreement and public health, which affirms the right of developing countries to use to the full the provisions in the agreement on trade-related aspects of Intellectual property rights regarding flexibilities to protect public health, and, in particular, provide access to medicines for all				
1	3.b.1: Percentage of children aged 12-23 months fully vaccinated with BCG, Measles and three doses each of Polio and DPT or Penta vaccine (Excluding Polio vaccine given at birth), <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare (National Family Health Survey) /Periodicity: 3 Years</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	62.0	51.1
		2019-21	76.6	69.9

2	3.b.2: Budgetary allocation for Department of Health Research, (in Rs. crore) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	992.77	NA
		2016-17	1323.60	NA
		2017-18	1731.68	NA
		2018-19	1727.88	NA
		2019-20	1860.71	NA
		2020-21	2100.00	NA
		2021-22	2663.00	NA
		2022-23	3200.65	NA
		2023-24	2980.00	NA
Target 3.c: Substantially increase health financing and the recruitment, development, training and retention of the health workforce in developing countries, especially in least developed countries and small island developing States				
1	3.c.1: Health worker density percentage (similar to 3.8.8) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015	40.41	13.23
		2016	44.45	14.14
		2017	47.00	18.01
		2018	48.80	18.44
		2019	49.45	20.72
2	3.c.2: Percentage of government spending (including current and capital expenditure) in health sector to GDP <i>Source: National Accounts Division, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	1.19	NA
		2016-17	1.18	NA
		2017-18	1.24	NA
		2018-19	1.26	NA
		2019-20	1.31	NA
		2020-21	1.55	NA
		2021-22	1.74	NA
Target 3.d: Strengthen the capacity of all countries, in particular developing countries, for early warning, risk reduction and management of national and global health risks				
1	3.d.1: International Health Regulations (IHR) capacity and health emergency preparedness <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, NCDC / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2018	75	NA
		2019	78	NA
		2020	80	NA
		2021	84	NA
		2022	85	NA



4 QUALITY EDUCATION



Goal 4: Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all



Goal 4 aims to ensure the completion of primary and secondary education by all boys and girls and guarantee opportunities for equal access to quality technical and vocational education for everyone. This goal has 10 targets to measure the inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities including in vocational and tertiary education. A total of 19 indicators have been identified at national level for progress monitoring with values for 16 indicators available and for 12 at state level.

Number of indicators in NIF (Original)	Number of indicators in NIF (Revised)	Values available at National level	State value is available
19	19 (3*)	16	12

*4.3.1, 4.3.2 and 4.4.1 under compilation

SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR								
		INDIA				UTTAR PRADESH				
Target 4.1: By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes										
1	4.1.1: Percentage of students in grade 3, 5 and 8 achieving atleast a minimum proficiency level in terms of nationally defined learning outcomes to be attained by pupils at the end of each of above grades. <i>Source: Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of Education / Periodicity: 3 Years</i>	Year	Language		Mathematics		Language		Mathematics	
		Grade	2017	2021	2017	2021	2017	2021	2017	2021
		Class 3	48.3	39.0	53.9	43.0	36.4	33.0	45.7	38.0
		Class 5	46.3	42.0	44.7	25.0	35.6	36.0	39.4	22.0
		Class 8	37.3	34.0	39.6	27.0	32.3	23.0	40.9	23.0
2	4.1.2: Completion rate for grade 5, grade 8 and grade 10 <i>Source: Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of Education / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	INDIA			UTTAR PRADESH				
			Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 10	Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 10		
		2015-16	97.59	98.58	80.44	99.62	99.45	83.14		
		2016-17	97.58	98.85	80.39	99.64	98.72	85.05		
		2017-18	96.85	97.64	75.33	97.37	97.06	80.22		
		2018-19	96.53	97.18	77.58	96.77	96.35	79.23		
		2019-20	97.16	97.62	80.73	97.17	97.02	78.00		
		2020-21	94.16	95.22	84.86	95.56	96.22	84.27		
		2021-22	88.88	91.35		79.43	90.81	60.55		
3	4.1.3: Gross Enrolment Ratio in higher secondary education <i>Source: Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of Education / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value							
		2015-16	48.32			52.19				
		2016-17	43.77			49.79				
		2017-18	48.13			46.90				
		2018-19	50.14			46.12				
		2019-20	51.42			46.88				
		2020-21	53.80			48.80				
		2021-22	57.60			50.70				
4	4.1.4: Net Enrolment Ratio in primary and upper primary education <i>Source: Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of Education / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Primary	Upper Primary		Primary	Upper Primary			
		2015-16	94.11	72.02		100	61.44			
		2016-17	91.31	70.71		98.01	59.96			
		2017-18	89.21	71.14		93.25	59.91			
		2018-19	89.14	68.99		90.19	58.26			
		2019-20	91.40	71.14		91.58	61.50			

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		2020-21	92.70	74.10		91.90	64.10	
		2021-22	88.60	71.30		84.90	62.70	
SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR						
		INDIA			UTTAR PRADESH			
		Year	Primary	Upper Primary	Secondary	Primary	Upper Primary	Secondary
5	4.1.5: Adjusted Net Enrolment Ratio in primary, upper primary and secondary education <i>Source: Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of Education / Periodicity: Annual</i>	2015-16	98.79	81.29	58.35	100	70.66	53.38
		2016-17	96.08	79.66	58.03	100	70.13	55.14
		2017-18	94.34	80.30	59.36	97.89	68.47	51.69
		2018-19	93.60	76.97	55.64	95.21	66.98	46.97
		2019-20	97.31	79.55	59.98	98.39	71.78	50.30
		2020-21	98.60	84.40	61.80	98.50	75.80	51.20
		2021-22	99.10	87.30	64.70	97.50	82.90	56.10
6	4.1.6: Proportion of students enrolled in Grade 1 who reach last grade or primary/upper primary/secondary levels <i>Source: Department of School Education and Literacy / Periodicity: Annual</i>	2017-18	86.58	71.41	59.38	73.50	66.93	60.17
		2018-19	86.78	71.58	59.90	77.30	60.73	60.65
		2019-20	86.97	74.59	59.55	79.46	61.64	57.63
		2020-21	95.30	80.90	61.50	89.60	67.40	47.60
		2021-22	95.40	81.20	64.70	90.30	70.50	48.90
7	4.1.7: Number of years (i) free and (ii) compulsory education guaranteed in legal frameworks <i>Source: Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of Education / Periodicity: Annual</i>	From 2015-16 to 2022-23 Free and compulsory education up to class 8th						
Target 4.2: By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education so that they are ready for primary education								
1	4.2.1: Gross early childhood education enrolment ratio <i>Source: Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of Education / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value					
		2018-19	51.30					NA
		2019-20	49.80					NA
		2020-21	35.68					NA
2	4.2.2: Participation rate in organized learning one year before official primary entry <i>Source: Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of Education / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value					
		2018-19	41.34					NA
		2019-20	51.03					NA
		2020-21	51.00					NA
1	4.3.1: Participation rate of youth and adults in formal and non-formal education and training in the previous 12 months <i>Source: NSS, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: 3 years</i>	Under compilation						

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2	4.3.2: Proportion of male-female enrolled in higher education, technical and vocational education <i>Source: Department of Higher Education, Ministry of Education / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Higher									
		2016-17	0.98									
		2017-18	1.01									
		2018-19	1.05									
		2019-20	1.06									
		2020-21	1.05									
3	4.3.3: Gross enrolment ratio for tertiary education <i>Source: Department of Higher Education, Ministry of Education / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value									
		2015-16	24.48				24.50					
		2016-17	24.10				22.24					
		2017-18	24.60				23.20					
		2018-19	24.90				23.00					
		2019-20	25.60				22.50					
2020-21	27.30				23.20							
SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR										
		INDIA						UTTAR PRADESH				
Target 4.4: By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship												
1	4.4.1: Proportion of youth and adults with information and communication technology (ICT) skills <i>Source: NSS, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: 3 years</i>	Under compilation										
Target 4.5: By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations												
1	4.5.1: Gender Parity indices for Primary/Secondary/Higher Secondary/Tertiary education <i>Source: Ministry of Education / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Primary	Secondary	Higher Secondary	Tertiary Education	Primary	Secondary	Higher Secondary	Tertiary Education		
		2015-16	1.01	1.00	1.00	0.92	1.05	0.99	1.01	-		
		2016-17	1.00	0.99	1.00	0.98	1.05	0.95	1.01	1.05		
		2017-18	1.00	0.99	1.01	1.01	1.05	0.93	0.98	1.09		
		2018-19	1.01	1.00	1.03	1.05	1.04	0.94	0.96	1.17		
		2019-20	1.02	1.00	1.04	1.06	1.05	0.93	0.94	1.18		
		2020-21	1.02	0.99	1.03	1.05	1.05	0.9	0.93	1.09		
2021-22	1.03	1.00	1.02		1.04	0.92	0.92	-				
2	4.5.2: Enrolment ratio of children with disabilities <i>Source: Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of Education / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Primary	Upper Primary	Elementary	Secondary	Higher Secondary	Primary	Upper Primary	Elementary	Secondary	Higher Secondary
		2015-16	1.18	1.13	1.16	0.56	0.25	0.79	0.57	0.72	0.1	0.09
		2016-17	1.09	1.13	1.1	0.56	0.28	0.77	0.52	0.69	0.09	0.08
		2017-18	1.05	1.14	1.08	0.62	0.31	0.63	0.45	0.57	0.09	0.07
		2018-19	0.95	1.01	0.97	0.65	0.31	0.76	0.56	0.7	0.11	0.1
		2019-20	0.99	1.09	1.02	0.68	0.32	0.93	0.72	0.86	0.1	0.08
		2020-21	0.91	1.05	0.96	0.71	0.32	0.93	0.73	0.87	0.09	0.09
2021-22	0.93	1.06	0.98	0.75	0.39	0.95	0.77	0.89	0.08	0.07		
Target 4.6: By 2030, ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy												
1	4.6.1: Literacy rate of youth in the age group of 15-24 years, 2011 <i>Source: Office of the Registrar General & Census Commissioner, India, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: 10 Years</i>	Year-2011	86.14			81.57						

Target 4.7: By 2030, ensure that all learners acquire the knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable development, including, among others, through education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of peace and non-violence, global citizenship and appreciation of cultural diversity and of culture's contribution to sustainable development										
1	4.7.1: Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development are mainstreamed in (a) national education policies; (b) curricula; (c) teacher education; and (d) student assessment (Similar to 12.8.1 and 13.3.1), 2020 Source: Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of Education / Periodicity: Annual	Area		Value						
		Policy	1.00		NA					
		Curricula	0.92		NA					
		Teacher Education	0.95		NA					
		Student Assessment	1.00		NA					
Target 4.a: Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, non-violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all										
1	4.a.1: Proportion of schools with access to: (a) electricity (b) computers for pedagogical purposes (c) adapted infrastructure and materials for students with disabilities/disabled friendly ramp and toilets (d) basic drinking water (e) single-sex basic sanitation facilities (f) Basic hand washing facilities (as per the WASH indicator definitions)	Year	(a) electricity	(b) computers for pedagogical purposes		(a) electricity		(b) computers for pedagogical purposes		
		2015-16	58.55	27.31		41.93		13.31		
		2016-17	60.81	28.24		42.93		13.97		
		2017-18	63.06	31.25		44.76		19.13		
		2018-19	73.86	32.66		66.16		12.53		
		2019-20	83.43	38.54		77.52		18.42		
		2020-21	86.9	41.25		81.75		20.98		
		2021-22	89.30	47.50		84.50		27.00		
		Year	(c) adapted infrastructure and materials for students with disabilities/disabled friendly ramp and toilets		(d) basic drinking water	(c) adapted infrastructure and materials for students with disabilities/disabled friendly ramp and toilets		(d) basic drinking water		
			Toilets	Ramp		Toilets	Ramp			
2015-16	19.79	61.00	86.62	13.14	72.46	88.42				
2016-17	22.44	61.31	87.34	15.31	71.50	88.65				
2017-18	8.02	62.07	90.01	10.55	69.47	87.85				
NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR									
SL	INDIA				UTTAR PRADESH					
Source: Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of Education / Periodicity: Annual	2018-19	17.54	63.71	95.68	10.46	66.22	96.81			
	2019-20	21.65	67.65	97.15	13.87	62.22	98.56			
	2020-21	25.25	70.75	97.45	18.56	63.29	98.82			
	2021-22	27.00	71.80	98.20	24.00	64.50	99.10			
	Year	(e) single-sex basic sanitation facilities		(f) Basic hand washing facilities (as per the WASH indicator definitions)	(e) single-sex basic sanitation facilities		(f) Basic hand washing facilities (as per the WASH indicator definitions)			
		Boys	Girls		Boys	Girls				
	2015-16	95.65	96.90	51.60	99.09	99.65	45.39			
	2016-17	95.62	96.88	55.55	98.92	99.47	48.68			
	2017-18	94.03	96.12	58.09	97.58	98.30	49.32			
	2018-19	92.63	94.38	88.18	94.33	95.05	83.34			
2019-20	95.83	96.88	90.24	98.5	98.70	86.54				
2020-21	96.2	97.32	91.99	98.34	98.70	90.79				
Target 4.b: By 2020, substantially expand globally the number of scholarships available to developing countries, in particular least developed countries, Small Island Developing States and African countries, for enrolment in higher education, including vocational training and information and communications technology, technical, engineering and scientific programmes, in developed countries and other developing countries										
NATIONAL INDICATOR is under development										
Target 4.c: By 2030, substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers, including through international cooperation for teacher training in developing countries, especially least developed countries and small island developing States										
1	4.c.1: Proportion of trained teachers, by education level (primary, upper primary, elementary, secondary and higher secondary education) Source: Dept. of School Edu. And Literacy, Ministry of Education / Periodicity: Annual	Year	Primary	Upper Primary	Secondary	Higher Secondary	Primary	Upper Primary	Secondary	Higher Secondary
		2015-16	67.82	74.56	81.60	64.45	62.84	76.15	70.50	47.06
		2016-17	67.22	72.62	79.96	84.21	65.70	75.72	70.72	75.19
		2017-18	68.31	65.72	80.42	87.24	65.82	71.03	70.81	77.82
		2018-19	71.68	72.27	82.62	77.96	70.62	72.42	73.86	88.90
		2019-20	76.72	76.78	78.03	78.17	70.11	72.34	70.11	70.87
		2020-21	89.51	88.31	91.59	90.66	84.09	84.64	85.24	85.28
		2021-22	91.40	90.52	92.23	91.77	87.38	87.59	88.37	88.12



5

**GENDER
EQUALITY**



Goal 5: Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls



Goal 5 aims to ensure an end to all forms of discrimination against women and girls everywhere. It is vital to give women equal rights on land and property, sexual and reproductive health, and access to technology and decision-making platforms. This Goal has 9 targets to monitor gender equality and ensure empowerment of women and girls. It ensures legal frameworks to protect women and girls and monitors violence against women including sexual violence along with negative socio-cultural practices. A total of 29 indicators have been identified at national level to monitor the progress of these targets and data is available for 26 indicators. State value is available for 20 indicators.

Number of indicators in NIF (Original)	Number of indicators in NIF (Revised)	Values available at National level	State value is available
29	29	26	20

SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR								
		INDIA				UTTAR PRADESH				
Target 5.1: End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere										
1	5.1.1: Whether or not legal framework are in place to promote, enforce and monitor equality and non-discrimination on the basis of sex, (in percentage) <i>Source: Ministry of Women and Child Development/Periodicity: Annual</i>	From Year	Overarching legal framework and public life	Violence against women	employment and economic benefits	Marriage and family	Overarching legal frameworks and public life	Violence against women	employment and economic benefits	Marriage and family
		2017 - 2023	83.33	88.89	100	100	NA	NA	NA	NA
2	5.1.2: Per lakh women that have been subjected to dowry offences during the year (Per 1,00,000 females) <i>Source: National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value							
		2015	2.90				5.00			
		2016	2.82				5.15			
		2017	2.93				5.36			
		2018	3.19				6.55			
		2019	3.21				5.91			
		2020	2.67				4.90			
3	5.1.3: Sex Ratio at Birth (Per 1,000 male live births) <i>Source: Office of the Registrar General & Census Commissioner, India, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value							
		2014-16	898				882			
		2015-17	896				878			
		2016-18	899				880			
		2017-19	904				894			
4	5.1.4: Rate of crimes against women per 1,00,000 female population <i>Source: National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity:</i>	Year	Value							
		2015	54.23				35.16			
		2016	55.19				47.49			
		2017	57.93				53.17			

	<i>Annual</i>	2018	58.78	55.72
		2019	62.31	55.35
		2020	56.49	45.06
		2021	64.45	50.54
Target 5.2: Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation				
1	5.2.1: Proportion of ever-married women age 18-49 who have experienced physical, sexual or emotional violence by husband/partner in the past 12 months <i>Source: Ministry of Health & Family Welfare (NFHS) / Periodicity: 3 Years</i>	Year	Value	
		2019-21	26.8	31.4
2	5.2.2: Proportion of women and girls aged 18-49 years subjected to sexual violence by persons other than an intimate partner in the previous 12 months <i>Source: Ministry of Health & Family Welfare (NFHS) / Periodicity: 3 Years</i>	Year	Value	
		2019-21	0.4	0.3
3	5.2.3: Per lakh women who have experienced sexual crimes during the year (Per 1,00,000 females) <i>Source: National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015	22.2	11.43
		2016	23.1	17.87
		2017	27.2	22.24
		2018	27.7	22.44
		2019	28.1	21.70
		2020	26.7	18.30
4	5.2.4: Proportion of sexual crime against girl children to total crime against children during the calendar year <i>Source: National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015	34.83	39.64
		2016	32.33	30.44
		2017	37.42	48.34
		2018	38.63	48.83
		2019	36.11	47.82
		2020	40.28	53.78
5	5.2.5: Proportion of trafficking of girl children to total children trafficked during the calendar year <i>Source: National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015	49.64	21.43
		2016	54.36	9.00
		2017	42.38	28.95
		2018	38.46	95.12
		2019	39.29	50.00
		2020	38.03	100.00
6	5.2.6: Proportion of crime against women to total crime reported in the country during the calendar year <i>Source: National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015	6.99	7.57
		2016	7.02	9.97
		2017	7.19	9.33
		2018	7.45	10.16
		2019	7.87	9.52
		2020	5.63	7.51
		2021	7.03	9.22

7	5.2.7: Child Sex Ratio (0-6 years), 2011 (females per 1,000 males) <i>Source: Office of the Registrar General & Census Commissioner, India, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: 10 Years</i>	Total (2011)	Rural	Urban	Total	Rural	Urban			
		918	923	905	902	906	885			
Target 5.3: Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation										
1	5.3.1: Percentage of women aged 20-24 years who were married by exact age 18 years, 2015-16 <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare(National Family Health Survey) / Periodicity: 3 Years</i>	Year	Value							
		2015-16	26.8		21.1					
		2019-21	23.3		15.8					
2	5.3.2: Proportion of cases reported under the Prohibition of Child Marriage Act (early marriage of children below 18 years of age) to total crime against children <i>Source: National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value							
		2015	0.31		0.04					
		2016	0.30		0.02					
		2017	0.31		0.02					
		2018	0.35		0.02					
		2019	0.35		0.02					
		2020	0.61		0.08					
		2021	0.7		0					
Target 5.4: Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate										
1	5.4.1: Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work, 2019 <i>Source: TUS, NSS, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: 3 Years</i>	Year- 2019								
		Area	Male	Female	Male	Female				
		Rural	2.64	19.72	2.5	19.93				
		Urban	2.15	18.61	2.01	17.92				
		Total	2.50	19.44	2.43	19.51				
Target 5.5: Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life										
1	5.5.1: Proportion of seats held by women in (a) national Parliament and (b) Local Government (similar to 10.2.2 and 16.7.1) <i>Source: Election Commission of India ,Ministry of Panchayati Raj and MoHUA /Periodicity: 5 years for Lok Sabha and PRI and MoHUA ;Annual for State Legislative Assemblies.</i>	Year	Lok Sabha	PRI	ULB	State Assemblies	Lok Sabha	PRI	ULB	U.P. State
		2014	11.42	46.14	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA
		2019	14.36	44.37	43.16	11	NA	NA	NA	NA
		2020	-	-	-	11	NA	NA	NA	NA
		2021	-	-	-	9	NA	NA	NA	NA
		2022	-	45.61	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA
2	5.5.2: Proportion of women in managerial positions <i>Source: PLFS, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Measure I	Measure II	Measure I	Measure II				
		2019-20	18.7	18.8	10.6	10.6				
		2020-21	16.6	17.1	9.9	10.0				
3	5.5.3: Number of women candidates out of total candidates contesting elections (in percentage) <i>Source: Election Commission of India / Periodicity: 5 Years</i>	Year	Value							
		2014	8.19		9.81					
		2019	9.01		10.83					

Target 5.6: ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the programme of action of the International Conference on population and Development and the Beijing platform for action and the outcome documents of their review conferences								
1	5.6.1: Unmet need for family planning for currently married women aged 15-49 years (in percentage) <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare(National Family Health Survey) / Periodicity: 3 Years</i>	Year	Value					
		2015-16	12.9		18.0			
		2019-21	9.4		12.8			
2	5.6.2: Whether the country has laws and regulations that guarantee full and equal access to women and men aged 15 years and older to sexual and reproductive health care, information and education <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare/Periodicity: 4 Years</i>	Year	Value					
		2018	64.8		NA			
		2020	80.7		NA			
3	5.6.3: Percentage of population aged 15-24 years with comprehensive knowledge of HIV/AIDS, 2015-16 <i>Source: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare(National Family Health Survey) / Periodicity: 3 Years</i>	Year	Male	Female	Male	Female		
		2015-16	31.50	21.70	24.9	18.0		
		2019-21	28.5	20.1	19.8	11.6		
Target 5.a: Undertake reforms to give women equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to ownership and control overland and other forms of property, financial services, inheritance and natural resources, in accordance with national laws								
1	5.a.1: Operational land holdings - (female operated operational holding), 2015-16 <i>Source: Agriculture Census, DAC&FW, Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare/ Periodicity: 5 years</i>	2015-16	13.96		7.65			
2	5.a.2: No. of borrowers per 1,00,000 adults(Male and Female) <i>Source: NSSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: 3 years</i>	Under compilation						
3	5.a.3: Wages of casual labourers (gender wise)other than public works, (Rs. per day) <i>Source: PLFS, National Sample Survey, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual, giving quarterly estimates</i>	Quarter	Year	Male	Female	Male	Female	Person
		July-Sep	2017-18	265	169	236	174	231
			2018-19	288	175	267	199	264
			2019-20	311	190	291	187	281
			2020-21	340	218	318	247	314
			2021-22	392	266	387	274	377
		Oct-Dec	2017-18	274	173	249	179	245
			2018-19	298	190	278	152	270
			2019-20	319	197	297	202	288
			2020-21	341	221	308	207	301
			2021-22	401	267	386	230	278
		Jan-March	2017-18	280	177	249	173	242
			2018-19	299	193	278	208	275
			2019-20	328	211	308	215	303

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			2020-21	352	229	314	246	307		
			2021-22	406	264	384	358	381		
		April-June	2017-18	291	182	257	185	252		
			2018-19	310	204	280	226	274		
			2019-20	317	212	303	253	299		
			2020-21	357	233	323	242	316		
			2021-22	408	272	397	263	391		
4	5.a.4: Average agricultural wage earnings from casual labour work other than public works, (Rs.per day) Source: PLFS, National Sample Survey, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual, giving quarterly estimates	Quarter	Year	Male	Female	Male	Female	Person		
		July-Sep	2017-18	222	159	183	170	180		
			2018-19	236	164	234	188	226		
			2019-20	256	180	233	165	214		
			2020-21	281	204	251	192	243		
		Oct-Dec	2017-18	233	169	196	168	193		
			2018-19	254	181	234	152	216		
			2019-20	256	187	229	192	216		
			2020-21	280	204	283	179	269		
		Jan-March	2017-18	240	168	199	161	191		
			2018-19	250	185	233	186	224		
			2019-20	267	199	259	212	252		
			2020-21	295	213	299	189	277		
		April-June	2017-18	247	172	217	179	209		
			2018-19	261	187	253	214	243		
			2019-20	268	203	259	249	258		
			2020-21	301	224	287	227	276		
		5	5.a.5: Exclusive women SHGs in Bank linked SHGs, (in percentage) Source: National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD) Ministry of Finance/ Periodicity: Annual	Year	Value					
				2015-16	88.92			NA		
				2016-17	90.41			NA		
2017-18	91.77			NA						
2018-19	87.66			NA						
2019-20	91.67			NA						
2020-21	89.71			NA						
2021-22	92.70			NA						
6	5.a.6: Percentage of adult having an account at a formal financial institution Source: NSS, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: 3 years	Under compilation								

7	5.a.7: Percentage of women having an account at a formal financial institution <i>Source</i> NSS, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: 3 years	Under compilation		
Target 5.b: Enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology, to promote the empowerment of women				
1	5.b.1: Percentage of women employed inIT and ITeS industry <i>Source: Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2016	34	NA
		2017	34	NA
		2018	34	NA
		2019	35	NA
		2020	35	NA
		2021	35	NA
		2022	36	NA
		2023	36	NA
Target 5.c: Adopt and strengthen sound policies and enforceable legislation for the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls at all levels				
1	5.c.1: Number of Central Ministries and State shaving Gender Budget Cells (GBCs) <i>Source: Ministry of Women and Child Development / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	Central Ministries - 57 States/UTs - 14	NA
		2016-17 to 2021-22	Central Ministries - 57 States/UTs - 23	NA
		2022-23	Central Ministries - 57 States/UTs - 27	NA



6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION





Goal 6: Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all

Goal 6 ensures availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all and reflects the increased attention on water and sanitation in the global political arena. From providing safe drinking water to all to ensuring schools have female washrooms Goal 6 also looks into water management. There are 8 SDG targets under this goal to ensure the availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all. A total of 13 indicators have been identified at national level to measure and monitor the progress of these targets. The data for 13 indicators is available and for 9 at state level.

Number of indicators in NIF (Original)	Number of indicators in NIF (Revised)	Values available at National level	State value is available
19	13	13	09

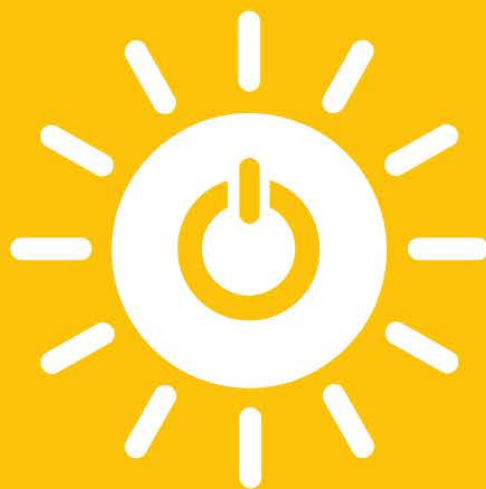
SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR		
		INDIA	UTTAR PRADESH	
Target 6.1: By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all				
1	6.1.1: Percentage of households getting safe and adequate drinking water within premises through Pipe Water Supply (PWS) (urban & rural) <i>Source: Ministry of Jal Shakti, DDWS for rural area and, NSS, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation /Periodicity: Annual for Rural and 3 years for Urban</i>	a) Rural		
		Year	Value	
		2015-16	35.76	14.35
		2016-17	36.52	14.55
		2017-18	37.85	14.60
		2018-19	40.58	14.84
		2019-20	50.66	20.65
		2020-21	55.23	22.42
2	6.1.2: Percentage of population using an improved drinking water source (Rural) <i>Source: Ministry of Jal Shakti, DWS / Periodicity: Annual</i>	b) Urban - Under Compilation		
		Year	Value	
		2015-16	94.57	99.55
		2016-17	94.35	99.21
		2017-18	95.23	99.24
		2018-19	95.98	99.37
		2019-20	96.96	99.57
		2020-21	98.56	99.63
2021-22	98.64	99.65		
2022-2023	99.25	99.71		
Target 6.2: By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations				
1	6.2.1: Proportion of households having access to toilet facility (Urban & Rural)	a) Rural		
		Year	Value	
		2015-16	50.90	41.98
		2016-17	63.02	48.00
		2017-18	80.51	60.27
2018-19	99.03	100		

		2019-20	100.00	100
	Source: Ministry of Jal Shakti, for Rural and Ministry of Housing and Urban affairs for Urban Periodicity: Annual for Rural and Urban	2020-21	100	100
		2021-22	100	100
		2022-23	100	100
		b) Urban - Under Compilation		
2	6.2.2: Percentage of Districts achieving Open Defecation Free (ODF) target Source: Ministry of Jal Shakti, DWS / Periodicity: Annual	Year	Value	
		2015-16	0.72	0
		2016-17	18.45	1.33
		2017-18	51.50	9.33
		2018-19	88.13	100
		2019-20	100	100
		2020-21	100	100
		2021-22	100	100
3	6.2.3: Proportion of schools with separate toilet facility for girls Source: Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of Education / Periodicity: Annual	Year	Value	
		2015-16	96.90	99.65
		2016-17	96.88	99.47
		2017-18	96.12	98.30
		2018-19	94.38	95.05
		2019-20	96.88	98.70
		2020-21	97.32	98.70
		2021-22	97.50	98.80
Target 6.3: By 2030, improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe re use globally				
1	6.3.1: Percentage of sewage treated before discharge into surface water bodies, 2020 Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change / Periodicity: Annual	Year	Value	
		2020	27.96	30.38
		2021	47.96	52.82
2	6.3.2: Proportion of Water Bodies with Good Ambient Water Quality Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change / Periodicity: Annual	Year	Value	
		2015	87	NA
		2016	87	NA
		2017	88	NA
		2018	88	NA
		2019	90	NA
2020	91	NA		
Target 6.4: By 2030, substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address water scarcity and substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity				
1	6.4.1: Per capita storage of water, (in m ³ /person) Source: CWC, Ministry of Jal Shakti / Periodicity: Annual	Year	Value	
		2011	209.41	NA
		2021	190.97	NA
		2023	188.46	NA
2	6.4.2: Percentage ground water withdrawal against availability Source: CGWB, Ministry of Jal Shakti / Periodicity: Annual	Year	Value	
		2011	62.00	74.00
		2013	62.00	74.00
		2017	63.33	70.18
		2020	61.60	68.83
2022	60.08	70.66		
3	6.4.3: Per capita availability of water (in m ³ /person) Source: CWC, Ministry of Jal Shakti / Periodicity: 5 Years	Year	Value	
		2011	1545	NA
		2021	1486	NA
		2023	1461	NA

SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR		
		INDIA		UTTAR PRADESH
Target 6.5: By 2030, implement integrated water resources management at all levels, including through trans-boundary cooperation as appropriate				
1	6.5.1: Degree of integrated water resources management <i>Source: CWC, Ministry of Jal Shakti / Periodicity:2 Years</i>	Year	Value	
		2020	45	NA
Target 6.6: By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes				
1	6.6.2: Percentage of blocks/mandals/taluka over-exploited <i>Source: CGWB, Ministry of Jal Shakti / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2011	16	14
		2013	16	14
		2017	17	11
		2020	16	8
		2022	14	8
Target 6.a: By 2030, expand international cooperation and capacity-building support to developing countries in water- and sanitation-related activities and programmes, including water harvesting, desalination, water efficiency, wastewater treatment, recycling and reuse technologies				
NATIONAL INDICATOR is under development				
Target 6.b: Support and strengthen the participation of local communities in improving water and sanitation management				
1	6.b.1: Proportion of villages with Village Water & Sanitation Committee (VWSC) <i>Source: DWS, Ministry of Jal Shakti / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2020-21	0.81	0.97
		2022-23	0.87	0.97



7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY



Goal 7: Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all



Goal 7 aims to improve energy efficiency, increase use of renewable sources and promotion of sustainable and modern energy for all. There are 5 targets under this goal to ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all. A total of 5 indicators have been identified at national level to measure and monitor the progress of these targets; data is available for all 5 indicators; at state level data is available for 1 indicator.

Number of indicators in NIF (Original)	Number of indicators in NIF (Revised)	Values available at National level	State value is available
05	05	05	01

SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR	
		INDIA	UTTAR PRADESH
Target 7.1: By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services			
1	7.1.1: Percentage of households electrified, 2019-20 <i>Source: Ministry of Power / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value
		2019-20	99.77
		2021-22	100.00
2	7.1.2: Percentage of household using clean cooking fuel <i>Source: Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value
		2015-16	62.83
		2016-17	74.16
		2017-18	82.49
		2018-19	97.95
		2019-20	97.94
		2020-21	98.10
		2021-22	99.35
2022-23	99.80		
Target 7.2: By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix			
1	7.2.1: Renewable energy share in the total installed electricity generation <i>Source: Ministry of New and Renewable Energy / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value
		2015-16	15.95
		2016-17	16.49
		2017-18	17.42
		2018-19	19.01
		2019-20	21.17
		2020-21	21.53
		2021-22	21.62
2022-23	22.5		
Target 7.3: By 2030, double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency			
1	7.3.1: Energy intensity measured in terms of primary energy and GDP,(in	Year	Value
		2015-16	0.2521

	mega joules per rupee) <i>Source: Ministry of Coal, Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas and Central Electricity Authority / Periodicity: Annual</i>	2016-17	0.2401	NA
		2017-18	0.237	NA
		2018-19	0.2344	NA
		2019-20	0.2252	NA
		2020-21	0.2218	NA
		2021-22	0.2245	NA
Target 7.a: By 2030, enhance international cooperation to facilitate access to clean energy research and technology, including renewable energy, energy efficiency and advanced and cleaner fossil-fuel technology, and promote investment in energy infrastructure and clean energy technology				
NATIONAL INDICATOR is under development				
Target 7.b: By 2030, expand infrastructure and upgrade technology for supplying modern and sustainable energy services for all in developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their respective programmes of support				
1	7.b.1: Installed renewable energy generating capacity in the country (in watts per capita) (Similar to 12.a.1) <i>Source: Ministry of New and Renewable Energy / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2014-15	63.25	NA
		2015-16	69.07	NA
		2016-17	78.28	NA
		2017-18	87.01	NA
		2018-19	92.64	NA
		2019-20	98.86	NA
		2020-21	103.64	NA
		2021-22	114.29	NA
		2022-23	124.38	NA



8

**DECENT WORK AND
ECONOMIC GROWTH**



Goal 8: Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all



Goal 8 aims to achieve full and productive employment and decent work, reduce informal employment and the gender pay gap and promote safe and secure working environments for all women and men by 2030. There are 12 targets under this goal to ensure decent work for all and economic growth of the society. A total of 25 indicators have been identified at national level to measure and monitor the progress of the goal and the data is available for 23 indicators. At state level data is available for 14 indicators.

Number of indicators in NIF (Original)	Number of indicators in NIF (Revised)	Values available at National level	State value is available
40	24	23	14

SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR	
		INDIA	UTTAR PRADESH
Target 8.1: Sustain per capita economic growth in accordance with national circumstances and, in particular, at least 7 per cent GDP growth per annum in the least developed countries			
1	8.1.1: Annual growth rate of GDP (adjusted to price changes) per capita <i>Source: National Accounts Division, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value
		2015-16	6.6
		2016-17	6.9
		2017-18	5.6
		2018-19	5.4
		2019-20	2.8
		2020-21	-6.8
		2021-22	8
	2022-23 (Second Advance Estimate)	6.1	NA
Target 8.2: Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labour-intensive sectors			
1	8.2.1: Annual growth rate of GDP per employed person, 2018-19 <i>Source: NAD, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value
		2018-19	3.35
2	8.2.2: Total number of patents issued (granted), (similar to 8.3.2 and 9.5.3) <i>Source: Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade (DPIIT), Ministry of Commerce and Industry / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value
		2015-16	6,326
		2016-17	9,847
		2017-18	13,045
		2018-19	15,283
	2019-20	24,936	NA

		2020-21	28,391	NA
		2021-22	30,073	NA
		2022-23	34,134	NA
3	8.2.3: Annual growth in manufacturing sector <i>Source: National Accounts Division, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	13.1	NA
		2016-17	7.9	NA
		2017-18	7.5	NA
		2018-19	5.4	NA
		2019-20	-3	NA
		2020-21	-2.9	NA
		2021-22	11.1	NA
4	8.2.4: Annual growth in agriculture sector <i>Source: National Accounts Division, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	0.6	NA
		2016-17	6.8	NA
		2017-18	6.6	NA
		2018-19	2.1	NA
		2019-20	6.2	NA
		2020-21	4.1	NA
		2021-22	3.5	NA
Target 8.3: Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of MSME, including through access to financial services				
1	8.3.1: Percentage of workers in informal sector among total workers engaged in non-agriculture sector <i>Source: PLFS, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2017-18	68.2	85.4
		2018-19	68.4	85.2
		2019-20	69.5	84.0
		2020-21	71.4	85.3
		2021-22	71.8	84.9
2	8.3.2: Total number of patents issued (granted) (similar to 8.2.2 and 9.5.3) <i>Source: Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade (DPIIT), Ministry of Commerce and Industry / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	6,326	NA
		2016-17	9,847	NA
		2017-18	13,045	NA
		2018-19	15,283	NA
		2019-20	24,936	NA
		2020-21	28,391	NA
		2021-22	30,073	NA
		2022-23	34,134	NA
3	8.3.3: Outstanding Credit to MSME, (in Rs. crore) <i>Source: Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	12,16,007.09	69988.57
		2016-17	12,96,398.83	79224.49
		2017-18	13,24,239.34	72614.51
		2018-19	15,10,650.54	90201.48
		2019-20	16,13,582.17	88733.16
		2020-21	17,839,24.80	105215.15
		2021-22	20,110,56.98	136723.44

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4	8.3.4: Number of MSME registered under the online Udyam registration Portal <i>Source: Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2020-21	28,57,387	2,18,038
		2021-22	51,58,808	4,14,220
		2022-23	72,57,902	6,68,270
5	8.3.5: Number of start-ups recognized under Start-up India <i>Source: Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade (DPIIT), Ministry of Commerce and Industry / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2016	428	NA
		2017	5052	NA
		2018	8576	NA
		2019	11216	NA
		2020	14454	NA
		2021	19989	NA
2022	26522	NA		
Target 8.4: Improve progressively, through 2030, global resource efficiency in consumption and production and endeavor to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation, in accordance with the 10 year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production, with developed countries taking the lead				
1	8.4.1: Proportion of waste recycled vs. waste generated <i>Source: CPCB, Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2017-18	0.51	0.70
		2018-19	0.56	0.62
		2019-20	0.60	1.23
		2020-21	0.61	0.41
2021-22	0.62	0.74		
2	8.4.2: Per capita fossil fuel consumption, (in Kg.) <i>Source: Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	136.9	75.2
		2016-17	141.5	79.8
		2017-18	149.7	84.6
		2018-19	157.3	91.1
		2019-20	157.5	92.2
		2020-21	142.7	90.6
2021-22	148.0	81.4		
2022-23(P)	161.6	83.2		
Target 8.5: By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value				
1	8.5.1: Average hourly earnings of employees, by sex, age, occupation (in Rs.) <i>Source: PLFS, National Sample Survey, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2017-18	50.0	46.0
		2018-19	53.0	49.0
		2019-20	56.0	51.0
		2020-21	59.0	53.0
2021-22	66.0	58.0		
2	8.5.2: Unemployment rate <i>Source: PLFS, National Sample Survey, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2017-18	6.1	6.4
		2018-19	5.8	5.7
		2019-20	4.8	4.5
		2020-21	4.2	3.5
2021-22	4.1	2.9		
Target 8.6: By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training				
1	8.6.1: Proportion of youth (15-24 years) not in education, employment or training (NEET) <i>Source: NSS, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: 3 years</i>	Under compilation		

Target 8.7: Take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labour, end modern slavery and human trafficking and secure the prohibition and elimination of the worst forms of child labour, including recruitment and use of child soldiers, and by 2025 end child labour in all its forms						
1	8.7.1: Human trafficking cases per 10,00,000 population <i>Source: National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs /Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value			
		2015	5.67	0.10		
		2016	6.38	0.36		
		2017	2.21	0.21		
		2018	1.72	0.16		
		2019	1.65	0.21		
		2020	1.27	0.39		
		2021	1.6	0.40		
2	8.7.2: Number of missing children <i>Source: National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs /Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value			
		2015	60,443	2720		
		2016	63,407	2903		
		2017	63,349	2959		
		2018	67,134	3306		
		2019	73,885	3184		
		2020	59,262	2380		
		2021	77,535	3522		
Target 8.8: Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrants, and those in precarious employment						
1	8.8.1: Fatal and non-fatal occupational injuries per 100,000 workers <i>Source: Ministry of Labour and Employment / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value			
		2016	37.73	8.99		
		2017	36.26	8.98		
		2018	30.34	6.53		
		2019	27.24	6.97		
		2020	19.12	5.36		
		2021	21.77	NA		
2	8.8.2: Percentage of migrant workers, 2011 <i>Source: Office of the Registrar General & Census Commissioner, India, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: 10 Years</i>	Year	Value			
		2011	42.6	33.2		
Target 8.9: By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products						
1	8.9.1: Tourism Direct GDP as a proportion of total GDP and in growth rate <i>Source: Ministry of Tourism / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Total share in GDP (in%)	Growth rate	Total share in GDP (in%)	Growth rate
		2015-16	2.65	-	NA	NA
		2016-17	2.62	10.68	NA	NA
		2017-18	2.61	10.72	NA	NA
		2018-19	2.61	10.22	NA	NA
		2019-20	2.70	9.94	NA	NA
		2020-21	0.55	-79.75	NA	NA
2	8.9.2: Percentage change in number of visits by tourists (domestic & foreign) over previous year <i>Source: Ministry of Tourism / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value			
		2016	12.7	4.2		
		2017	2.7	9.6		
		2018	11.8	21.6		
		2019	25.0	87.1		
		2020	(-)73.8	(-) 83.9		
		2021	9.9	26.1		
		2022	156.3	190.3		

Target 8.10: Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all						
1	8.10.1 (a): Number of banking outlets per 1,00,000 population, (b) Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) per 1,00,000 population <i>Source: Numerator: Reserve Bank of India and Denominator: Registrar General of Census Commissioner, India, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Banking Outlets	ATMs	Banking Outlets	ATMs
		2015-16	59.9	16.6	50.1	8.8
		2016-17	60.5	17.2	50.9	9.1
		2017-18	60.9	16.9	50.7	9.0
		2018-19	85.4	16.7	82.4	9.0
		2019-20	98.8	17.5	93.2	9.7
		2020-21	130.3	17.6	129.1	9.6
		2021-22	267.5	18.1	297.2	10.3
2	8.10.2: Number of accounts (including deposit and credit accounts) of scheduled commercial banks per 1,000 population <i>Source: (a) Numerator: Reserve Bank of India (b) Denominator: Office of the Registrar General & Census Commissioner, India, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value			
		2015-16	1,408	1126		
		2016-17	1,538	1206		
		2017-18	1,605	1243		
		2018-19	1,660	169		
		2019-20	1,744	1337		
		2020-21	1,780	1342		
2021-22	1,880	1423				
Target 8.a: Increase aid for trade support for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, including through the enhanced Integrated Framework for trade-related technical assistance to Least Developed Countries						
NATIONAL INDICATOR is under development						
Target 8.b: By 2020, develop and operationalize a global strategy for youth employment and implement the Global Jobs Pact of the International Labour Organization						
1	8.b.1: Existence of a developed and operationalized national strategy for youth employment, as a distinct strategy or as part of a national employment strategy <i>Source: Ministry of Labour and Employment / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Yes			NA	



9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE





Goal 9: Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation

Goal 9 aims to develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, support economic development and human well-being with focus on affordable and equitable access for all. Goal 9 also promotes inclusive and sustainable industrialization. This goal has 8 targets and a total of 17 indicators have been identified at national level to measure and monitor the progress of these targets. The data is available for 16 indicators. At state level data is available for 3 indicators.

Number of indicators in NIF (Original)	Number of indicators in NIF (Revised)	Values available at National level	State value is available
18	17	16	03

SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR								
		INDIA				UTTAR PRADESH				
Target 9.1: Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and trans-border infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all										
1	9.1.1: Proportion of the rural population who live within 2 km of an all-season road <i>Source: NSS, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: 3 years</i>	Under compilation								
2	9.1.2: Passenger and freight volumes, by mode of transport <i>Source: (1) Railway Board is data source for passenger movement and freight volumes by Railways (2) Research Wing of Ministry of Road Transport and Highway is data source for passenger movement and freight volumes by Roads (3) Ministry of Civil Aviation is data source for passenger movement and freight volumes by air /Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Road Transport (billion Passenger Km/ freight in billion tonnes km)	Domestic/International passengers and freights carried by all scheduled Domestic/International carriers (passenger in million/ cargo in million tonnes)		Indian railways (Passenger in million/ freight in million tonnes)	Road Transport (billion Passenger Km/ freight in billion tonnes km)	Domestic/International passengers and freights carried by all scheduled Domestic/International carriers (passenger in million/ cargo in million tonnes)		Indian railways (Passenger in million/ freight in million tonnes)
				Domestic	International			Domestic	International	
		2015-16	15,428 / 2027.40	85.20 / 0.62	18.63 / 0.25	8107 / 1108.62	NA	NA	NA	NA
		2016-17	17,832 / 2260.20	103.75 / 0.64	20.81 / 0.29	8,116 / 1110.95	NA	NA	NA	NA
		2017-18	20237 / 2484.8	123.32 / 0.70	23.80 / 0.37	8,286 / 1162.64	NA	NA	NA	NA
		2018-19	22582/ 2697	140.33 / 0.76	25.90 / 0.38	8,439 / 1225.29	NA	NA	NA	NA
		2019-20	25199 / 2927.3	141.20 / 0.73	22.72/ 0.22	8,086 / 1212.22	NA	NA	NA	NA
		2020-21	-- / --	53.33/ 0.47	5.43/ 0.12	1233.85/ 1250	NA	NA	NA	NA
3	9.1.3: Gross Capital Formation by industry of use, (in Rs. crore)	Year	Current	Constant		Current	Constant			
		2015-16	42,19,570	37,31,740		NA	NA			

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		2016-17	44,76,754	39,10,207	NA	NA		
SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR						
		INDIA			UTTAR PRADESH			
Source: NAD, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual	2017-18	50,53,181	42,89,515	NA	NA			
	2018-19	58,86,657	48,03,280	NA	NA			
	2019-20	58,55,616	4701116	NA	NA			
	2020-21	54,63,457	4292301	NA	NA			
Target 9.2: Promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and, by 2030, significantly raise industry's share of employment and gross domestic product, in line with national circumstances, and double its share in least developed countries								
1	9.2.1: Manufacturing Value Added (MVA) as a proportion of Gross Domestic Product (GDP) and per capita Source: National Accounts Division, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual	Year	At constant price	At current price	Per capita (Rs. crore/million person)	At constant price	At current price	Per capita (Rs. crore/million person)
		2015-16	16.75	15.58	1,483.90	NA	NA	NA
		2016-17	16.69	15.16	1,581.80	NA	NA	NA
		2017-18	16.81	15.02	1,681.45	NA	NA	NA
		2018-19	16.64	14.88	1755.08	NA	NA	NA
		2019-20	15.55	13.46	1685.09	NA	NA	NA
		2020-21	16.99	14.12	1715.66	NA	NA	NA
2021-22	17.30	14.47	1886.96	NA	NA	NA		
2	9.2.2: Manufacturing employment as a proportion of total employment Source: PLFS, National Sample Survey, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual	Year	Value					
		2017-18	12.13		11.38			
		2018-19	12.07		10.51			
		2019-20	11.2		10.5			
3	9.2.3: Percentage share of GVA in Manufacturing to Total GVA Source: National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI / Periodicity: Annual	Year	Value					
		2015-16	17.1		NA			
		2016-17	16.7		NA			
		2017-18	16.6		NA			
		2018-19	16.4		NA			
		2019-20	14.7		NA			
		2020-21	15.0		NA			
2021-22	15.49		NA					
Target 9.3: Increase the access of small-scale industrial and other enterprises, in particular in developing countries, to financial services, including affordable credit, and their integration into value chains and markets								
1	9.3.1: Share of household sector in total industry value added Source: National Accounts Division, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual	Year	Value					
		2015-16	43.70		NA			
		2016-17	43.71		NA			
		2017-18	44.07		NA			
		2018-19	44.04		NA			
		2019-20	44.52		NA			
2	9.3.2: Percentage of credit flow to MSME as a percentage of Total Adjusted Net Bank Credit Source: Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises / Periodicity: Annual	Year	Value					
		2015-16	18.18		NA			
		2016-17	17.29		NA			
		2017-18	16.84		NA			
		2018-19	17.32		NA			
		2019-20	16.39		NA			
		2020-21	17.20		NA			
2021-22	18.94		NA					

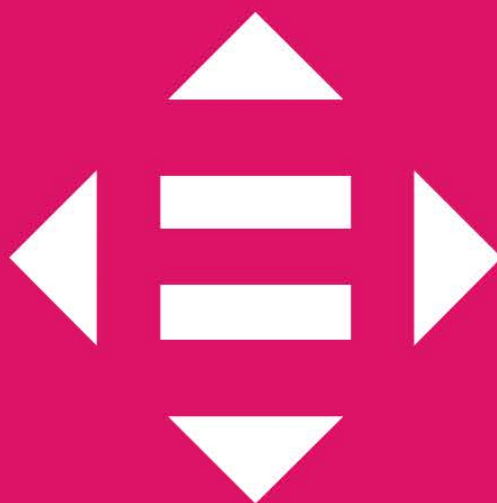
SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR	
		INDIA	UTTAR PRADESH
Target 9.4: By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities			
1	9.4.1: Total CO ₂ emissions of power sector per unit of GDP (in Tone/Rupees Corer) <i>Source: CEA, Ministry of Power /Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value
		2015-16	61.45
		2016-17	57.71
		2017-18	53.94
2	9.4.2: Energy use intensity of manufacturing value added, (Tone of Oil Equivalent/000' Rupees) <i>Source: ESD, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value
		2016-17	0.00736
		2017-18	0.00732
		2018-19	0.00772
		2019-20	0.00763
		2020-21	0.00754
1	9.5.1: Research and development expenditure as a proportion of GDP <i>Source: National Accounts Division, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value
		2015-16	3.52
		2016-17	3.82
		2017-18	3.29
		2018-19	3.37
		2019-20	3.34
		2020-21	3.59
2	9.5.2: Researchers (in full time equivalent) per million population <i>Source: Ministry of Science and Technology /Periodicity: Biennial</i>	Year	Value
		2015-16	218
		2017-18	255
3	9.5.3: Total number of patents issued (granted),(similar to 8.2.2 and 8.3.2) <i>Source: Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade (DPIIT), Ministry of Commerce and Industry / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value
		2015-16	6,326
		2016-17	9,847
		2017-18	13,045
		2018-19	15,283
		2019-20	24,936
		2020-21	28,391
Target 9.a: Facilitate sustainable and resilient infrastructure development in developing countries through enhanced financial, technological and technical support to African countries, least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing States			
NATIONAL INDICATOR is under development			
Target 9.b: Support domestic technology development, research and innovation in developing countries, including by ensuring a conducive policy environment for, inter alia, industrial diversification and value addition to commodities			
1	9.b.1: Share of IPP in total Gross Fixed Capital Formation <i>Source: NAD, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value
		2015-16	12.26
		2016-17	13.55
		2017-18	11.69
		2018-19	11.45

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		2019-20	11.71		NA	
		2020-21	12.51		NA	
2	9.b.2: Share of GVA of Information and Computer related activities in total GVA Source: NAD, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual	Year	Current	Constant	Current	Constant
		2015-16	4.17	4.54	NA	NA
		2016-17	4.45	4.90	NA	NA
		2017-18	4.26	4.76	NA	NA
		2018-19	4.49	5.02	NA	NA
		2019-20	4.73	5.36	NA	NA
		2020-21	5.35	6.17	NA	NA
Target 9.c: Significantly increase access to information and communications technology and strive to provide universal and affordable access to the Internet in least developed countries by 2020						
1	9.c.1: Number of Internet Subscriptions as percentage of total population Source: Department of Telecommunications, Ministry of Communications / Periodicity: Annual	Year	Value			
		2015-16	26.98		5.88	
		2016-17	32.49		17.54	
		2017-18	37.60		20.42	
		2018-19	47.94		26.62	
		2019-20	55.35		30.27	
		2020-21	60.82		32.18	
		2021-22	60.20		31.54	
2	9.c.2: Number of broadband subscribers per 10,000 persons (Per 10,000 population) Source: Department of Telecommunications, Ministry of Communications / Periodicity: Annual	Year	Value			
		2015-16	1,166	508		
		2016-17	2,128	1,124		
		2017-18	3,140	1,696		
		2018-19	4,241	2,389		
		2019-20	5,120	2,827		
		2020-21	5,734	3,057		
		2021-22	5,801	3,033		



10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES



Goal 10: Reduce inequality within and among countries



Goal 10 aims to reduce inequality which persists in income as well as that based on age, sex, disability, religion or economic or other status within a country as well as among countries. This Goal has 11 targets to reduce inequality mainly by regulating and monitoring the financial markets and institutions, encouraging development assistance and foreign direct investment to regions where required. A total of 11 indicators have been identified at national level to measure and monitor the progress of these targets and data at state level is available for 3.

Number of indicators in NIF (Original)	Number of indicators in NIF (Revised)	Values available at National level	State value is available
07	11	11	03

SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR								
		INDIA			UTTAR PRADESH					
Target 10.1: By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average										
1	10.1.1: Growth rates of household expenditure per capita among the bottom 40 percent of the population and the total population, 2011-12 <i>Source: National Sample Survey, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: 5 Years</i>	For 2011-12	Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban				
		Bottom 40 %	13.61	13.35	6.37	8.12				
		Total	15.59	11.27	9.51	9.44				
2	10.1.2: Gini Coefficient of household expenditure, 2011-12 <i>Source: National Sample Survey, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: 5 Years</i>	Year	Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban				
		2011-12	0.283	0.363	0.247	0.312				
Target 10.2: By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status										
1	10.2.1: Percentage of people living below 50 per cent of median per capita household expenditure <i>Source: National Sample Survey, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: 5 Years</i>	Year	Rural	Urban	Rural	Urban				
		2011-12	4.28	10.89	0.64	8.99				
2	10.2.2: Proportion of seats held by women in (a) national Parliament and (b) Local Government, (similar to 5.5.1 and 16.7.1) <i>Source: Election Commission of India, Ministry of Panchayati Raj and MoHUA / Periodicity: 5 years for Lok Sabha, PRI and MoHUA; Annual for State Legislative Assemblies</i>	Year	Lok Sabha	State Assemblies	ULB	PRI	Lok Sabha	State Assemblies	ULB	PRI
		2014	11.42			46.14	NA	NA	NA	NA
		2019	14.36	11	43.16	44.37	NA	NA	NA	NA
		2020		11			NA	NA	NA	NA
		2021		9			NA	NA	NA	NA
Target 10.3: Ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and action in this regard										
NATIONAL INDICATOR is under development										
Target 10.4: Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality										
1	10.4.1: Labour Share of GDP <i>Source: National Accounts Division, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value							
		2015-16	30.23					NA		
		2016-17	30.65					NA		
		2017-18	30.87					NA		
		2018-19	31.29					NA		
		2019-20	32.10					NA		
2	10.4.2: Percentage of budget allocated to North Eastern States	Year	Value							
		2015-16	1.66					NA		

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SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR														
		INDIA						UTTAR PRADESH								
	<i>Source: Ministry of Finance / Periodicity: Annual</i>	2016-17	1.62									NA				
		2017-18	1.92									NA				
		2018-19	2.03									NA				
		2019-20	1.99									NA				
		2020-21	1.48									NA				
		2021-22	1.99									NA				
		2022-23	1.93									NA				
3	10.4.3: Percentage of budget allocated for welfare of SCs and STs <i>Source: Ministry of Finance / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value													
		2015-16	2.89									NA				
		2016-17	2.83									NA				
		2017-18	3.81									NA				
		2018-19	3.94									NA				
		2019-20	4.18									NA				
		2020-21	3.92									NA				
		2021-22	6.04									NA				
		2022-23	5.87									NA				
Target 10.5: Improve the regulation and monitoring of global financial markets and institutions and strengthen the implementation of such regulations																
1	10.5.1: Financial Soundness Indicators <i>Source: Reserve Bank of India / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Items	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	UTTAR PRADESH					
		Regulatory Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets	10.2	10.9	10.7	12.0	11.9	13.8	13.0	14.2	NA	NA	NA	NA		
		Nonperforming loans net of provisions to capital	15.3	30.7	37.8	41.0	30.1	21.5	23.8	10.1	NA	NA	NA	NA		
		Nonperforming loans to total gross loans	4.2	7.4	8.9	10.9	8.9	8.4	8.6	5.8	NA	NA	NA	NA		
		Return on assets	0.8	0.2	0.3	-0.2	-0.2	0.0	2.6	0.9	NA	NA	NA	NA		
		Liquid assets to short-term liabilities	26.7	23.5	27.9	25.9	24.6	26.5	25.5	24.4	NA	NA	NA	NA		
		Net open position in foreign exchange to capital	5.9	9.7	7.5	11.0	7.1	10.0	13.3	10.1	NA	NA	NA	NA		
		Capital to assets	6.9	7.1	7.2	7.2	7.5	7.7	8.1	8.3	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Target 10.6: Ensure enhanced representation and voice for developing countries in decision-making in global international economic and financial institutions in order to deliver more effective, credible, accountable and legitimate institutions																
1	10.6.1: Whether the Country is a member and has voting rights in international organizations (similar to 16.8.1), 2021 <i>Source: Ministry of External Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	International Organization (Out of 11 international organizations)	Membership		Voting rights		Membership		Voting rights							
		2021	10	9	NA	NA										
Target 10.7: Facilitate orderly, safe, regular and responsible migration and mobility of people, including through the implementation of planned and well-managed migration policies																
1	10.7.1: Recruitment cost borne by employee as a proportion of monthly income earned in country of destination <i>Source: Ministry of External Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value													
		2015-17	1.43									NA				
		2018-22	2.14									NA				
Target 10.a: Implement the principle of special and differential treatment for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, in accordance with world trade organization agreements																
NATIONAL INDICATOR is under development																
Target 10.b: Encourage official development assistance and financial flows, including foreign direct investment, to states where the need is greatest, in particular least developed countries, African countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their national plans and programmes																
NATIONAL INDICATOR is under development																
Target 10.c: By 2030, reduce to less than 3 per cent the transaction costs of migrant remittances and eliminate remittance corridors with costs higher than 5 per cent																
1	10.c.1: Remittance costs as a proportion of the amount remitted, (cost of Sending/Receiving USD 200 in Public Sector Banks) <i>Source: Reserve Bank of India / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Bank Type/Mode (for 2016-17)	Sending	Receiving					Sending	Receiving						
		Direct Transfer to Bank Account/	0 - 6.7	0 - 1.5					NA	NA						
		SWIFT	0 - 21.3	0.5 - 4.4					NA	NA						



11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES



Goal 11: Make cities and human Settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable



The sustainable development of cities plays a vital role in development of nations as these offer opportunities for people to prosper economically and socially. SDG 11 has 10 targets to make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable. A total 13 indicators have been identified at national level to measure and monitor the progress of targets and data is available for 10 indicators while at state level it is available for 7.

Number of indicators in NIF (Original)	Number of indicators in NIF (Revised)	Values available at National level	State value is available
16	13	10	07

SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR				
		INDIA			UTTAR PRADESH	
Target 11.1: By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums						
1	11.1.1: Proportion of Urban Population Living in Slums, informal Settlements or Inadequate Housing <i>Source: NSS, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity:3 years</i>	Under compilation				
Target 11.2: By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons						
1	11.2.1: Proportion of Households in urban areas having convenient access to public transport <i>Source: NSS, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity:3 years</i>	Under compilation				
2	11.2.2: People killed/injured in road accidents (per 1,00,000 population) (similar to 3.6.1) <i>Source: National Crime Records Bureau Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Death rate	Injury rate	Death rate	Injury rate
		2015	11.81	38.31	8.53	8.05
		2016	11.92	38.11	8.67	9.13
		2017	11.46	34.85	9.44	9.82
		2018	11.54	33.74	10.11	10.01
		2019	11.57	32.84	10.3	9.85
2020	9.84	24.76	8.32	6.98		
Target 11.3: By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries						
1	11.3.1: Proportion of cities with Master plans (similar to 11.a.1) <i>Source: Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value			
		2015	25.61		18	
		2016	33.17		23	
		2017	34.51		17	
		2018	34.93		17	
		2019	34.93		17	
2020	35.84		17			

		2021	39.00	NA
		2022	42.00	NA
Target 11.4: Strengthen efforts to protect and safeguard the world's cultural and natural heritage				
1	11.4.1: Total per capita expenditure on the preservation, protection and conservation of all cultural and natural heritage <i>Source: Ministry of Culture / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2016-17	2.32	0.85
		2017-18	3.13	0.77
		2018-19	3.05	0.71
		2019-20	3.03	0.87
		2020-21	1.93	0.97
		2021-22	1.84	1.69
Target 11.5: By 2030, significantly reduce the number of deaths and the number of people affected and substantially decrease the direct economic losses relative to global GDP caused by disasters, including water-related disasters, with a focus on protecting the poor and people in vulnerable situations				
1	11.5.1: Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population (similar to 1.5.1 and 13.1.1) <i>Source: Disaster Management Division, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015	1,4743.14	NA
		2016	1,3706.39	NA
		2017	1,3381.24	NA
		2018	1,0738.97	NA
Target 11.6: By 2030, reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management				
1	11.6.1: Percentage of waste processed <i>Source: Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2016	17.97	13.00
		2017	23.14	13.00
		2018	28.57	20.00
		2019	53.00	58.00
		2020	65.00	58.00
		2021	68.18	68.00
		2022	73.00	89.00
2	11.6.2: Percentage of wards with 100% door to door waste collection <i>Source: Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2016	43	5
		2017	53	31
		2018	74	54
		2019	74	90
		2020	96	99
		2021	97	99
		2022	98	97
3	11.6.3: The number of good air days when the Particulate matter level is below country standards for PM 10. <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change / Periodicity: Annual</i>	The number of good air days for 266 cities have been computed, when daily average concentration of PM10 is below 100 µg/m ³ . The city-wise data has been given in data tables.		22 Cities
Target 11.7: By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities				
1	11.7.1: Proportion of households reporting an open space within 500 meters from premises (urban) <i>Source: NSS, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: 3 years</i>	Under compilation		
Target 11.a: Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning				
1	11.a.1: Proportion of cities with Master plans (similar	Year	Value	

SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR		
		INDIA		UTTAR PRADESH
	to 11.3.1) <i>Source: Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	2015	25.61	18
		2016	33.17	23
		2017	34.51	17
		2018	34.93	17
		2019	34.93	17
		2020	35.84	17
		2021	39.00	NA
		2022	42.00	NA
Target 11.b: By 2020, substantially increase the number of cities and human settlements adopting and implementing integrated policies and plans towards inclusion, resource efficiency, mitigation and adaptation to climate change, resilience to disasters, and develop and implement, in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster risk reduction 2015-2030, holistic disaster risk management at all levels				
1	11.b.1: Whether the country has adopted and implemented national disaster risk reduction strategies in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030 (similar to 1.5.3 and 13.1.2) <i>Source: Disaster Management Division, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015	0.25	NA
		2018	0.93	NA
		2019 to 2023	1.00	NA
2	11.b.2: Proportion of local governments that adopt and implement local disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national disaster risk reduction strategies,(similar to 1.5.4 and 13.1.3) <i>Source: Disaster Management Division, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015	0.901	NA
		2018	0.932	NA
		2019	0.931	NA
		2020	0.919	NA
Target 11.c: Support least developed countries, including through financial and technical assistance, in building sustainable and resilient buildings utilizing local materials				
NATIONAL INDICATOR is under development				



**12 RESPONSIBLE
CONSUMPTION
AND PRODUCTION**



Goal 12: Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns



Goal 12 promotes sustainable consumption and production and is concerned with promoting efficient use of natural resource, energy efficiency and sustainable infrastructure. It involves engaging consumers through awareness-raising and education on sustainable consumption and reducing waste. There are 11 targets in Goal 12 to measure the sustainable consumption and production patterns. A total of 15 indicators have been identified at national level to measure and monitor the progress of these targets and data is available for only 10 indicators. At state level data is available for 4.

Number of indicators in NIF (Original)	Number of indicators in NIF (Revised)	Values available at National level	State value is available
17	14	10	04

SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR				
		INDIA		UTTAR PRADESH		
Target 12.1: Implement the 10-year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production Patterns, all countries taking action, with developed countries taking the lead, taking into account the development and capabilities of developing countries						
1	12.1.1: Number of countries with sustainable consumption and production (SCP) national action plans or SCP mainstreamed as a priority or a target into national policies <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Under compilation				
Target 12.2: By 2030, achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources						
1	12.2.1: Percentage variation in per capita use of natural resources <i>Source: NAD, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Under compilation				
Target 12.3: By 2030, halve per capita global food waste at the retail and consumer levels and reduce food losses along production and supply chains, including post-harvest losses						
1	12.3.1: Per capita food availability, (Kg per year per person) <i>Source: FE, DAC&FW, Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value			
		2018-19	176.0	NA		
		2019-20	183.1	NA		
		2020-21	185.4	NA		
2	12.3.2: Post harvest storage and distribution losses of central/states pool stocks of wheat and rice <i>Source: Ministry of Consumer Affairs, Food and Public Distribution / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Storage	Transit	Storage	Transit
		2015-16	-0.08	0.30	0.13	0.39
		2016-17	-0.11	0.30	0.16	0.33
		2017-18	-0.12	0.25	-0.05	0.23
		2018-19	-0.14	0.25	-0.16	0.12
		2019-20	-0.14	0.23	-0.17	0.16
2020-21	-0.12	0.24	-0.08	0.25		

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SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR					
		INDIA			UTTAR PRADESH		
		2021-22	-0.22	0.23	-0.2	0.25	
Target 12.4: By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle, in accordance with agreed international frameworks, and significantly reduce their release to air, water and soil in order to minimize their adverse impacts on human health and the environment							
1	12.4.1: Whether the country has ratified international Multilateral Environmental Agreements on hazardous waste and other chemicals <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value				
		2018 to 2023	Yes			NA	
2	12.4.2: (a) Hazardous waste generated per capita (in MT/ person); and (b) proportion of hazardous waste treated <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value (a)	Value (b)	Value (a)	Value (b)	
		2017-18	7.19	0.51	1.10	0.70	
		2018-19	6.50	0.56	1.10	0.62	
		2019-20	6.54	0.60	1.60	1.23	
		2020-21	6.81	0.61	2.55	0.41	
Target 12.5: By 2030, substantially reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse							
1	12.5.1: Number of waste recycling plants installed <i>Source: Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value				
		2020	829			0	
		2021	2027			292	
2	12.5.2: Percentage of wards with 100% source segregation <i>Source: Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value				
		2021	79			74	
		2022	89			92	
3	12.5.3: Number of municipal corporations banning single use plastic <i>Source: Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Under compilation					
Target 12.6: Encourage companies, especially large and transnational companies, to adopt sustainable practices and to integrate sustainability information into their reporting cycle							
1	12.6.1: Proportion of companies publishing sustainability reports. <i>Source: Ministry of Corporate Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Under compilation					
Target 12.7: Promote public procurement practices that are sustainable, in accordance with national policies and priorities							
1	12.7.1: Green public procurement policy developed and adopted by the Central Ministries/States/UTs <i>Source: Ministry of Finance / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Under compilation					
Target 12.8: By 2030, ensure that people everywhere have the relevant information and awareness for sustainable development and lifestyles in harmony with nature							
1	12.8.1: Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development are mainstreamed in (a) national education policies; (b) curricula; (c) teacher education; and (d) student assessment (Similar to 4.7.1 and 13.3.1), 2020 <i>Source: Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of Education / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Area	Value				
		Policy	1.00			NA	
		Curricula	0.92			NA	
		Teacher Education	0.95			NA	
		Student Assessment	1.00			NA	
Target 12.a: Support developing countries to strengthen their scientific and technological capacity to move towards more sustainable patterns of consumption and production							
1	12.a.1: Installed renewable energy generating capacity in the country (in watts per capita) (Similar to 7.b.1) <i>Source: Ministry of New and Renewable Energy / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value				
		2014-15	63.25			NA	
		2015-16	69.07			NA	
		2016-17	78.28			NA	
		2017-18	87.01			NA	

SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR		
			INDIA	UTTAR PRADESH
		2018-19	92.64	NA
		2019-20	98.86	NA
		2020-21	103.64	NA
Target 12.b: Develop and implement tools to monitor sustainable development impacts for sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products				
1	12.b.1: Implementation of standard accounting tools to monitor the economic and environmental aspects of tourism sustainability <i>Source: Ministry of Tourism / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Ministry of Tourism is compiling and releasing 6 requisite TSA core tables		NA
Target 12.c: Rationalize inefficient fossil-fuel subsidies that encourage wasteful consumption by removing market distortions, in accordance with national circumstances, including by restructuring taxation and phasing out those harmful subsidies, where they exist, to reflect their environmental impacts, taking fully into account the specific needs and conditions of developing countries and minimizing the possible adverse impacts on their development in a manner that protects the poor and the affected communities				
1	12.c.1: Amount of fossil fuel subsidies per unit of GDP <i>Source: a) Numerator - Ministry of Finance b) Denominator - National Accounts Division, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	0.22	NA
		2016-17	0.18	NA
		2017-18	0.14	NA
		2018-19	0.13	NA
		2019-20	0.19	NA
		2020-21	0.20	NA



13 CLIMATE ACTION



Goal 13: Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts



Goal 13 aims to take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts. It talks about building resilience and adaptive capacity to climate related hazards and integration of such measures into national policies. It focuses not only on early warning but also on impact reduction. It emphasizes the role of partnerships and commitment among nations for the same. There are 5 targets in Goal 13 to measure the changing impacts of climate related hazards. A total of 6 indicators have been identified at national level to measure and monitor the progress of these targets. Data is available for 5 indicators and none at state level.

Number of indicators in NIF (Original)	Number of indicators in NIF (Revised)	Values available at National level	State value is available
04	06	05	0

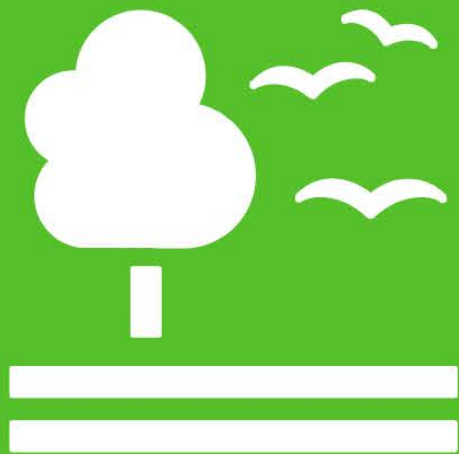
SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR	
		INDIA	UTTAR PRADESH
Target 13.1: Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries			
1	13.1.1: Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population (similar to 1.5.1 and 11.5.1) <i>Source: Disaster Management Division, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value
		2015	1,4743.14
		2016	1,3706.39
		2017	1,3381.24
2	13.1.2: Whether the country has adopted and implemented national disaster risk reduction strategies in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030, (similar to 1.5.3 and 11.b.1) <i>Source: Disaster Management Division, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value
		2015	0.25
		2018	0.93
3	13.1.3: Proportion of local governments that adopt and implement local disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national disaster risk reduction strategies, (similar to 1.5.4 and 11.b.2) <i>Source: Disaster Management Division, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value
		2015	0.90
		2018	0.93
		2019	0.93
		2020	0.92
1	13.2.1: Pre 2020 action: Achievement of pre-2020 goals as per country priority (percentage reduction in emission intensity of GDP, over 2005 level) <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change / Periodicity: 2 Years</i>	24	NA
		Under compilation	
2	13.2.2: Achievement of Nationally Determined Contribution (NDC) Goals in post 2020 period <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Under compilation	
Target 13.3: Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning			
1	13.3.1: Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii)	Area	Value

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	education for sustainable development are mainstreamed in (a) national education policies; (b) curricula; (c) teacher education; and (d) student assessment (Similar to 4.7.1 and 12.8.1), 2020 <i>Source: Department of School Education and Literacy, Ministry of Education / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Policy	1.00	NA
		Curricula	0.92	NA
		Teacher Education	0.95	NA
		Student Assessment	1.00	NA
Target 13.a: Implement the commitment undertaken by developed-country parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change to a goal of mobilizing jointly USD 100 billion annually by 2020 from all sources to address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation and fully operationalize the Green Climate Fund through its capitalization as soon as possible				
	The target is not relevant in the national context			
Target 13.b: Promote mechanisms for raising capacity for effective climate change-related planning and management in least developed countries and small island developing States, including focusing on women, youth and local and marginalized communities				
	The target is not relevant in the national context			



15 LIFE
ON LAND





Goal 15: Life on Land

Goal 15 aims to protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss. There are 12 targets in Goal 15 to measure the changing health and status of terrestrial ecosystems. A total of 15 indicators have been identified at national level to measure and monitor the progress of these targets and data is available for 13 indicators and 3 at state level.

Number of indicators in NIF (Original)	Number of indicators in NIF (Revised)	Values available at National level	State value is available
21	14	13 (1 NA at State)	03

SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR						
		INDIA		UTTAR PRADESH				
Target 15.1: By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and dry lands, in line with obligations under international agreement								
1	15.1.1: Forest cover as a percentage of total geographical area <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change / Periodicity: 2 Years</i>	Year	Value					
		2015	21.35	6.00				
		2017	21.54	6.09				
		2019	21.67	6.15				
2	15.1.2: Protected area as percentage of total geographical area <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value					
		2015	5.07	NA				
		2016	5.08	NA				
		2017	5.13	NA				
		2018	5.17	NA				
		2019	5.23	NA				
		2020	5.23	NA				
		2021	5.26	NA				
3	15.1.3: Area of Ramsar sites as a percentage of total wetland area <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value					
		2016	4.15	NA				
		2017	4.15	NA				
		2018	4.15	NA				
		2019	7.00	NA				
		2020	7.09	NA				
		2021	7.14	NA				
Target 15.2: By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally								
1	15.2.1: Progress towards sustainable forest management <i>Source: FSI, Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change / Periodicity: 2 Years</i>	Component	Value					
			2017	2019	2021	2017	2019	2021
		Net change in area under forest and tree cover (in sq. Km)	6678/1243	3976/1212	1540/721	NA	NA	NA
	Above-ground biomass in forest	2237549.00	2256533.00	2319910.00	NA	NA	NA	
	Proportion of geographical area under legally established protected areas (in percent)	4.93	5.01	5.26	NA	NA		

SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR					
		INDIA			UTTAR PRADESH		
	Proportion of forest and protected area under a long-term management plan	-	-	-			
Target 15.3: By 2030, combat desertification, restore degraded land and soil, including land affected by desertification, drought and floods, and strive to achieve a land degradation-neutral world							
1	15.3.1: Proportion of land that is degraded over total land area, 2015-16 Source: National Remote Sensing Centre (NRSC), Department of Space / Periodicity: 5 Years	Year	Value			Value	
		2015-16	27.77				NA
Target 15.4: By 2030, ensure the conservation of mountain ecosystems, including their biodiversity, in order to enhance their capacity to provide benefits that are essential for sustainable development							
1	15.4.1: Percentage change in forest cover in hill districts Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change / Periodicity: 2 Years	Year	Value			Value	
		2013-15	0.60				NA
		2015-17	0.16				NA
		2017-19	0.19				NA
2	15.4.2: Percentage change in per capita income of Himalayan States over previous year Source: National Accounts Division, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual	Year	Value			Value	
		2015-16	10.71				NA
		2016-17	9.85				NA
		2017-18	14.97				NA
		2018-19	7.75				NA
2		2019-20	9.32				NA
		2020-21	-0.56				NA
		2021-22	12.03				NA
Target 15.5: Take urgent and significant action to reduce the degradation of natural habitats, halt the loss of biodiversity and, by 2020, protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species							
1	15.5.1: Red List Index Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change / Periodicity: Annual	Year	Value			Value	
		2017	0.62				NA
Target 15.6: Promote fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such resources, as internationally agreed							
1	15.6.1: Whether country has adopted legislative, administrative and policy frameworks to ensure fair and equitable sharing of benefits, 2021 Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change and Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare / Periodicity: Annual	Component	Response			Response	
		Whether the Country is a contracting Party to the International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture	Yes				NA
		Whether the Country is a party to the Nagoya Protocol	Yes				NA
		Whether country has legislative, administrative and policy framework or measures reported through the Online Reporting System on Compliance of the International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture	Yes				NA
1		Whether the Country has legislative, administrative and policy framework or measures reported to the Access and Benefit-Sharing Clearing-House	Yes				NA
Target 15.7: Take urgent action to end poaching and trafficking of protected species of flora and fauna and address both demand and supply of illegal wildlife products							
1	15.7.1: Number of cases registered under the Wildlife Protection Act, 1972(similar to 15.c.1) Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change / Periodicity: Annual	Year	Value			Value	
		2015	698				98
		2016	565				100
		2017	342				31
		2018	207				30
1		2019	296				54

		2020	406	74
		2021	632	64
		2022	554	53
SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR		
		INDIA		UTTAR PRADESH
Target 15.8: By 2020, introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems and control or eradicate the priority species				
1	15.8.1: Whether the country has adopted relevant national legislation and adequately resourcing the prevention or control of invasive alien species <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Yes		NA
Target 15.9: By 2020, integrate ecosystem and biodiversity values into national and local planning, development processes, poverty reduction strategies and accounts				
1	15.9.1 (a) Progress towards national targets established in accordance with Aichi Biodiversity Target 2 of the Strategies Plan for Biodiversity, 2011-2020; (b) Integration of biodiversity into national accounting and reporting systems, defined as implementation of the System of Environmental-Economic Accounting <i>Source: (a) Ministry of Environment and Climate Change (b) Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual</i>	(a) National target exists and progress is on track for achievement		
Target 15.a: Mobilize and significantly increase financial resources from all sources to conserve and sustainably use biodiversity and ecosystems				
NATIONAL INDICATOR is under development				
Target 15.b: Mobilize significant resources from all sources and at all levels to finance sustainable forest management and provide adequate incentives to developing countries to advance such management, including for conservation and reforestation				
1	15.b.1: Percentage of government spending on environmental protection to total government expenditure <i>Source: National Accounts Division, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	0.05	NA
		2016-17	0.04	NA
		2017-18	0.06	NA
		2018-19	0.09	NA
		2019-20	0.07	NA
		2020-21	0.07	NA
Target 15.c: Enhance global support for efforts to combat poaching and trafficking of protected species, including by increasing the capacity of local communities to pursue sustainable livelihood opportunities				
1	15.c.1: Number of cases registered under the Wildlife Protection Act, 1972 (similar to 15.7.1) <i>Source: Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015	698	98
		2016	565	100
		2017	342	31
		2018	207	30
		2019	296	54
		2020	406	74
		2021	632	64
2022	554	53		



16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS



Goal 16: Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions



Goal 16 seeks to promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels. There are 12 targets in Goal 16 to ensure peaceful and just societies. A total of 21 indicators have been identified at national level to measure and monitor the progress of these targets.

State level values are available for 14 indicators.

Number of indicators in NIF (Original)	Number of indicators in NIF (Revised)	Values available at National level	State value is available
18	21	21	14

SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR	
		INDIA	UTTAR PRADESH
Target 16.1: Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere			
1	16.1.1: Number of victims of intentional homicide per 1,00,000 population <i>Source: National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value
		2015	2.63
		2016	2.47
		2017	2.34
		2018	2.28
		2019	2.24
		2020	2.23
2	16.1.2: Per 1,00,000 Population subjected to physical, psychological or sexual violence in the previous 12 months <i>Source: National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value
		2015	58.62
		2016	59.07
		2017	97.74
		2018	96.89
		2019	99.30
		2020	96.82
1	16.2.1: Proportion of Crimes Committed against Children during the year, (Per 1,00,000 children) <i>Source: National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value
		2015	22.06
		2016	24.95
		2017	31.13
		2018	33.74
		2019	35.15
		2020	30.34
2	16.2.2: Number of victims rescued from human trafficking per 1,00,000 population, by sex, age and form of exploitation	Year	Value
		2015	1.99
		2016	1.81

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	<i>Source: National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	2017	0.45	0.03				
		2018	0.41	0.04				
		2019	0.49	0.06				
		2020	0.30	4.4				
		2021	0.50	0.10				
3	16.2.3: Percentage of women age 18-29 who experienced sexual violence by age 18 <i>Source: Ministry of Health & Family Welfare / Periodicity: 3 Years</i>	Year	Value					
		2019-21	1.2	0.7				
Target 16.3: Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all								
1	16.3.1: Number of courts per lakh population <i>Source: Ministry of Law and Justice / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value					
		2016	1.89	1.45				
		2017	1.80	1.46				
		2018	1.79	1.45				
		2019	1.82	1.51				
		2020	1.86	1.59				
		2021	1.84	1.57				
		2022	1.91	1.58				
2	16.3.2: Unsented detainees as a proportion of overall prison population <i>Source: National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value					
		2015	67.2	70.6				
		2016	67.7	71.8				
		2017	68.5	71.3				
		2018	69.4	72.3				
		2019	69.2	72.5				
		2020	76.1	75.0				
		2021	77.1	76.9				
3	16.3.3: Number of Judges (all levels) per lakh population <i>Source: Ministry of Law and Justice / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value					
		2016	1.32	0.80				
		2017	1.33	0.84				
		2018	1.37	0.91				
		2019	1.38	0.88				
		2020	1.47	1.13				
		2021	1.47	1.10				
		2022	1.49	NA				
Target 16.4: By 2030, significantly reduce illicit financial and arms flows, strengthen the recovery and return of stolen assets and combat all forms of organized crime								
1	16.4.1: Number of cases under the Arms Act <i>Source: National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value					
		2015	53,300	24702				
		2016	55,660	27227				
		2017	58,053	27782				
		2018	66,305	28752				
		2019	73,713	33013				
		2020	68,463	33578				
		2021	74,482	36363				
2	16.4.2: Value of Property Stolen & Recovered (in Rs. crore) and Percentage Recovery <i>Source: National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Property stolen	Property recovered	Recovery	Property stolen	Property recovered	Recovery
		2015	8,210.4	1,350.2	16.4	296.4	104.5	35.3
		2016	9,733.1	1,459	15	630.1	168	26.7

		2017	5,002.5	1,296.1	25.9	293.3	100.1	34.1		
		2018	5,211.9	1,827.7	35.1	324.4	94.1	29.0		
		2019	4710.5	1,448.6	30.8	279.9	100.0	35.7		
		2020	3678.1	1,185.0	32.2	192.1	80.4	41.8		
		2021	5173.2	1561.0	30.2	353.6	129.4	36.6		
Target 16.5: Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms										
SL		INDIA					UTTAR PRADESH			
1	16.5.1: Cases reported under Prevention of Corruption Act and related section of IPC per 1,00,000 population <i>Source: National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs /Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value							
		2015	0.42							0.03
		2016	0.35							0.01
		2017	0.32							0.03
		2018	0.31							0.04
		2019	0.32							0.06
		2020	0.23							0.03
		2021	0.30							0.00
Target 16.6: Develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels										
1	16.6.1: Primary government expenditures as a proportion of original approved budget <i>Source: DEA, Ministry of Finance / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value							
		2015-16	100.75							NA
		2016-17	99.86							NA
		2017-18	99.78							NA
		2018-19	94.80							NA
		2019-20	96.41							NA
		2020-21	115.37							NA
		2021-22	108.92							NA
2	16.6.2: Percentage of RTI queries responded, (similar to 16.10.1) <i>Source: Central Information Commission / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value							
		2015-16	81.77							NA
		2016-17	80.90							NA
		2017-18	82.06							NA
		2018-19	80.98							NA
		2019-20	60.91							NA
		2020-21	79.42							NA
		2021-22	61.77							NA
3	16.6.3: Number of Government services provided online to citizens <i>Source: Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology /Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value							
		2015-16	968							57
		2016-17	1,052							26
		2017-18	2,724							26
		2018-19	2,925							26
		2019-20	3,868							258
		2020-21	3,870							258
		2021-22	4,671							258
Target 16.7: Ensure responsive, inclusive, participatory and representative decision-making at all levels										
1	16.7.1: Proportion of seats held by women in (a) national Parliament and (b) Local government, (similar to 5.5.1 and 10.2.2) <i>Source: Election Commission of India, Ministry of</i>	Year	Lok Sabha	State Assemblies	ULB	PRI	Lok Sabha	State Assemblies	ULB	PRI
		2014	11.42			46.14	NA	NA	NA	NA
		2019	14.36	11	43.16	44.37	NA	NA	NA	NA
		2020		11			NA	NA	NA	NA

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	<i>Panchayati Raj and MoHUA/ Periodicity: 5 years for Lok Sabha, PRI and MoHUA Annual for State legislative Assemblies</i>	2021		9			NA	NA	NA	NA
		2022			45.61		NA	NA	NA	NA
2	16.7.2: Proportion of SC/ST persons in the elected bodies (Lok Sabha) (similar to 10.2.3) <i>Source: (1) Election Commission of India (2) Ministry of Panchayati Raj / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year		2014	2019	2014	2019			
		SCs		15.47	15.47	NA	NA			
		STs		8.66	8.66	NA	NA			
Target 16.8: Broaden and strengthen the participation of developing countries in the institutions of global governance										
1	16.8.1: Whether the Country is a member and has voting rights in international organizations (similar to 10.6.1), 2021 <i>Source: Ministry of External Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	International Organization (Out of 11 international organizations)		Member-ship	Voting rights	Member-ship	Voting rights			
		2021		10	8	NA	NA			
		2023		9	9	NA	NA			
Target 16.9: By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration										
1	16.9.1: Percentage of births registered <i>Source: Office of the Registrar General & Census Commissioner, India, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year		Value						
		2015		86.9			68			
		2016		84.5			61.3			
		2017		83.5			62.2			
		2018		87.8			81.2			
		2019		92.7			88.7			
2	16.9.2: Proportion of population covered under Aadhaar <i>Source: Unique Identification Authority of India / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year		Value						
		2018		89.60			87.60%			
		2019		90.40			88.50%			
		2020		90.30			87.80%			
		2021		90.97			86.87%			
		2022		92.35			90.47%			
2023		92.33			92.06%					
Target 16.10: Ensure public access to information and protect fundamental freedoms, in accordance with national legislation and international agreements										
1	16.10.1: Percentage of RTI queries responded, (similar to 16.6.2) <i>Source: Central Information Commission / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year		Value						
		2015-16		81.77			NA			
		2016-17		80.90			NA			
		2017-18		82.06			NA			
		2018-19		80.98			NA			
		2019-20		60.91			NA			
		2020-21		79.42			NA			
2021-22		61.77			NA					
Target 16.a: Strengthen relevant national institutions, including through international cooperation, for building capacity at all levels, in particular in developing countries, to prevent violence and combat terrorism and crime										
1	16.a.1: Existence of independent national human rights institutions in compliance with the Paris Principles <i>Source: National Human Rights Commission of India / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Yes				NA				
Target 16.b: Promote and enforce non-discriminatory laws and policies for sustainable development										
NATIONAL INDICATOR is under development										



17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS





Goal 17: Partnerships for the goals

Goal 17 is dedicated to strengthening the means of implementation and revitalizing the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development. The partnerships among the different stakeholders like Government, civil society etc. are essential for achieving the sustainable development. Goal 17 has 9 targets to strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the Global Partnership. A total of 12 national indicators have been identified at national level to track the progress of the targets and baseline data is available for 11 indicators and 2 at state level.

Number of indicators in NIF (Original)	Number of indicators in NIF (Revised)	Values available at National level	State value is available
0	12	11	02

SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR		
		INDIA	UTTAR PRADESH	
Target 17.1: Strengthen domestic resource mobilization, including through international support to developing countries, to improve domestic capacity for tax and other revenue collection				
1	17.1.1: Total government revenue as a proportion of GDP, by source <i>Source: Numerator: Ministry of Finance; Denominator: NAD, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	8.68	
		2016-17	8.93	
		2017-18	8.40	
		2018-19	8.22	
		2019-20	8.38	
		2020-21	8.24	
2	17.1.2: Proportion of domestic budget funded by domestic taxes <i>Source: Ministry of Finance / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	68.14	
		2016-17	71.58	
		2017-18	71.65	
		2018-19	75.42	
		Target 17.2: Developed countries to implement fully their official development assistance commitments, including the commitment by many developed countries to achieve the target of 0.7 per cent of gross national income for official development assistance (ODA/GNI) to developing countries and 0.15 to 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries; ODA providers are encouraged to consider setting a target to provide at least 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries		
		The target is not relevant in the national context		
		Target 17.3: Mobilize additional financial resources for developing countries from multiple sources		
1	17.3.1: Foreign Direct Investment as proportion of Gross National Income <i>Source: Numerator - Reserve Bank of India; Denominator - National Accounts Division, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	2.16	
		2016-17	1.86	
		2017-18	1.50	
		2018-19	1.62	
		2019-20	1.99	
		2020-21	2.08	
2021-22	1.82			

SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR		
		INDIA		UTTAR PRADESH
2	17.3.2: Volume of remittances as a proportion of total GDP <i>Source: (a) Numerator - Reserve Bank of India; (b) Denominator - National Accounts Division, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	2.98	NA
		2016-17	2.47	NA
		2017-18	2.42	NA
		2018-19	2.66	NA
		2019-20	2.77	NA
		2020-21	2.86	NA
		2021-22	2.65	NA
Target 17.4: Assist developing countries in attaining long-term debt sustainability through coordinated policies aimed at fostering debt financing, debt relief and debt restructuring, as appropriate, and address the external debt of highly indebted poor countries to reduce debt distress				
1	17.4.1: Debt service as a proportion of exports of goods and service <i>Source: Reserve Bank of India / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value	
		2015-16	10.5	NA
		2016-17	9.8	NA
		2017-18	8.9	NA
		2018-19	7.5	NA
		2019-20	7.8	NA
		2020-21	9.8	NA
		2021-22	6.1	NA
Target 17.5: Adopt and implement investment promotion regimes for least developed countries				
NATIONAL INDICATOR is under development				
Target 17.6: Enhance north-south, south-south and triangular regional and international cooperation on and access to science, technology and innovation and enhance knowledge-sharing on mutually agreed terms, including through improved coordination among existing mechanisms, in particular at the United Nations level, and through a global technology facilitation mechanism				
1	17.6.1: Fixed internet broadband subscriptions per 100 inhabitants, by speed <i>Source: Numerator - Department of Telecommunications, Ministry of Communications; Denominator - ORGI, MHA / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Broadband (>=512 Kbps)	Narrowband (<512Kbps)
		2015-16	1.32	0.269
		2016-17	1.40	0.256
		2017-18	1.37	0.250
		2018-19	1.39	0.245
		2019-20	1.43	0.241
		2020-21	1.68	0.240
		2021-22	1.99	0.002
		2022-23	2.23	0.001
Target 17.7: Promote the development, transfer, dissemination and diffusion of environmentally sound technologies to developing countries on favorable terms, including on concessional and preferential terms, as mutually agreed				
NATIONAL INDICATOR is under development				
Target 17.8: Fully operationalize the technology bank and science, technology and innovation capacity-building mechanism for least developed countries by 2017 and enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology				
NATIONAL INDICATOR is under development				
Target 17.9: Enhance international support for implementing effective and targeted capacity-building in developing countries to support national plans to implement all the Sustainable Development Goals, including through north-south, south-south and triangular cooperation				
NATIONAL INDICATOR is under development				
Target 17.10: Promote a universal, rules-based, open, non-discriminatory and equitable multilateral trading system under the World Trade Organization, including through the conclusion of negotiations under its Doha Development Agenda				
NATIONAL INDICATOR is under development				
Target 17.11: Significantly increase the exports of developing countries, in particular with a view to doubling the least developed countries' share of global exports by 2020				

1	17.11.1: Share of India's exports in Global exports, (in percentage) <i>Source: DGFT, Ministry of Commerce & Industry / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Merchandise	Commercial Services	Merchandise/ Commercial Services
		2015	1.62	3.27	NA
		2016	1.65	3.35	NA
		2017	1.69	3.47	NA
SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR			
		INDIA		UTTAR PRADESH	
		2018	1.66	3.54	NA
		2019	1.71	3.52	NA
		2020	1.57	4.12	NA
		2021	1.77	4.00	NA
Target 17.12: Realize timely implementation of duty-free and quota-free market access on a lasting basis for all least developed countries, consistent with World Trade Organization decisions, including by ensuring that preferential rules of origin applicable to imports from least developed countries are transparent and simple, and contribute to facilitating market access					
	NATIONAL INDICATOR is under development				
Target 17.13: Enhance global macroeconomic stability, including through policy coordination and policy coherence					
1	17.13.1: Macroeconomic Dashboard <i>Source: Ministry of Finance / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Yes			
Target 17.14: Enhance policy coherence for sustainable development					
	NATIONAL INDICATOR is under development				
Target 17.15: Respect each country's policy space and leadership to establish and implement policies for poverty eradication and sustainable development					
	NATIONAL INDICATOR is under development				
Target 17.16: Enhance the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development, complemented by multi-stakeholder partnerships that mobilize and share knowledge, expertise, technology and financial resources, to support the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals in all countries, in particular developing countries					
1	17.16.1: Number of States having a State Monitoring Framework that supports the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals <i>Source: SSD, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value		
		2019-20	11	NA	
		2020-21	21	NA	
		2021-22	27	NA	
		2022-23	28	NA	
Target 17.17: Encourage and promote effective public, public-private and civil society partnerships, building on the experience and resourcing strategies of partnerships					
1	17.17.1: Amount of Indian Rupees spent on Public-Private Partnership (PPP) for infrastructure <i>Source: Ministry of Finance / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Under compilation			
Target 17.18: By 2020, enhance capacity-building support to developing countries, including for least developed countries and small island developing States, to increase significantly the availability of high-quality, timely and reliable data disaggregated by income, gender, age, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability, geographic location and other characteristics relevant in national contexts					
1	17.18.2: Whether the country has national statistical legislation that complies with the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics <i>Source: Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Yes			NA
Target 17.19: By 2030, build on existing initiatives to develop measurements of progress on sustainable development that complement gross domestic product, and support statistical capacity-building in developing countries					
1	17.19.1: Budget allocated to different Ministries for strengthening statistics, (in Rs. Lakh) <i>Source: National Accounts Division, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Value		
		2016-17	3,07,451	NA	
		2017-18	2,95,147	NA	
		2018-19	3,96,303	NA	
		2019-20	5,20,267	NA	
		2020-21	4,35,480	NA	

		2021-22	5,29,056		NA	
2	17.19.2: Proportion of States/UTs that have achieved 100 per cent birth registration and 80 per cent death registration <i>Source: Office of the Registrar General & Census Commissioner, India, Ministry of Home Affairs / Periodicity: Annual</i>	Year	Birth registration	Death registration	Birth registration	Death registration
		2015	47.2	61.1	68.0	44.6
		2016	41.7	61.1	61.3	40.6
		2017	36.1	61.1	62.2	38.7
		2018	44.4	61.1	81.2	61.6
		2019	38.9	75	88.7	63.3

The National Indicator Framework progress report for Uttar Pradesh is compiled each year. The report is based on the indicators included in the National Indicator Framework under the Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation. State values for all relevant indicators under the NIF are derived from national sources/ from the available MoSPI source. It is likely that latest or current data is not highlighted in the report; this would largely mean that the data either is not available with MoSPI or has not been updated. There are also several indicators which are national level indicators and are not relevant at state level meaning that such indicators have significance only for national level analysis and therefore, data for such indicators are only compiled at national level.

Data is the primary source of information on achievement towards indicators as aligned to the various Sustainable Development Goals. Similarly, it also provides valuable insights into the gaps that exist in implementation. The initiation of a progress analysis on the basis of available data can trigger an interesting exercise of analysis including by using other sources and other relevant information as well.

The progress report does provide ample information and is an opportunity for monitoring and analysis and stakeholders can avail this report to engage in meaningful dialogue on how the state is performing and what kind of course correction and/ or intervention is required in order to meet the SDG targets by 2030.

**Perspective Planning Division, Department of Planning
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